

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

County of Culpeper, Virginia

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2010

PREPARED BY:

Valerie H. Lamb, Finance Director

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

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Email: fbossio@culpepercounty.gov

December 20, 2010

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Culpeper County County of Culpeper, Virginia

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County of Culpeper, Virginia, (the "County"), for the fiscal year which ended June 30, 2010. This report was prepared by the County's Department of Finance. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

The management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure the protection of County assets. In developing and evaluating the County's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Controls. In addition to the internal accounting controls noted above, the County also maintains budgetary controls. These budgetary controls ensure compliance with provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of Supervisors. Activities of the general fund and capital projects fund are included in the annual appropriated budget.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 has been completed and no material internal control weaknesses or material violations of laws and regulations have been found.

The County adopts an annual budget by July 1 of each year as required by 15.2-2503, <u>Code of Virginia</u> of 1950, as amended. A budget is not required for fiduciary funds.

When necessary, the Board of Supervisors approves amendments to the adopted budget in accordance with 15.2-2507, <u>Code of Virginia</u> of 1950, as amended. Budgetary compliance is monitored and reported at the department level. The budget is implemented through appropriations that the Board makes annually, with supplemental appropriations made as required. These appropriations, except those to incur mandated expenditures, may be greater or less than contemplated in the budget.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The Culpeper County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report includes all funds and account groups of the "primary government." In Virginia, cities and counties are distinct units of government; therefore, the County is responsible for providing all services normally provided by a local government. These services include public safety, social services, recreation and cultural activities and community development. Additionally, the County operates an airport, water and wastewater utility system and a Municipal Solid Waste Transfer Station. For financial reporting purposes and in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," the County has identified one discrete component unit. The GASB statement establishes the criteria used in making this determination and identifies each as a blended component unit or discretely presented component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, and therefore are included as part of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of this primary government. Therefore, the County School Board is reported in a discrete Based on GASB Statement 14 criteria, the School Board is a legally separate organization providing educational services to the public whose board is elected and is fiscally dependent on the local government.

The financial statements for the Piedmont Regional Control Board, Rappahannock-Rapidan Regional Commission, and the Rappahannock-Rapidan Community Services Board are not included in the County report. Boards separate from, and independent of, the Board of Supervisors administer these organizations.

Culpeper County is located in north central Virginia, 75 miles southwest of Washington, D.C. and 75 miles northwest of Richmond, Virginia. The County encompasses a land area of 381 square miles. Three U.S. primary and one State primary route traverse the County. Culpeper has a diversified economy with strong manufacturing, trade services, and agricultural sectors. Manufacturing activity includes: auto parts, kitchen cabinets, wire cable, fiber optics, building components and iron castings. Major service industries include: international financial telecommunications, electronic data center, Library of Congress Film Archive, uniform rentals, health care, education, and government. International firms have a significant presence in the community. Agriculture remains important in Culpeper's economy, with beef cattle the principal livestock and soy beans, hay and corn are the major cash crops.

The economy has slowed both on the state and federal level. The Consumer Price Index in the United States for 2009 increased over 2008 by .2% due to the recession. On the state level, the unemployment rate for Virginia as of April 2009 was 6.6% compared to 6.7% as of April 2010 and the unemployment rate for Culpeper County as of April 2010 is 7.7% vs. a year ago when the rate was only 7.9%. On a national level, unemployment exceeds both the state and local unemployment level at 9.5%.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For fiscal year 2010: Following the goals and objectives established by the County of Culpeper Board of Supervisors, and with the assistance and guidance of the County's Administrator, County staff and agencies implemented and continued a number of specific "programs" designed to provide County residents with cost efficient government while enhancing their home and employment environment.

Major initiatives begun, continued, or completed during this fiscal year are:

- Continued renovation of the Wachovia Building for additional office space
- Renovation of Culpeper County Courthouse
- Implementation of electronic document management system

Continued renovation of the Wachovia Building

During fiscal year 2007, the Board of Supervisors purchased the Wachovia Bank Building on Main Street in Culpeper for \$1,500,000 to provide additional office space to meet the growing needs of the county offices. Renovations began to ensure the move of the Registrar's Office and Electoral Board prior to the November 2008 election. After that move occurred, the County completed renovations of the remainder of the building for the Offices of Treasurer and Commissioner of the Revenue and Records Management Division of the Information Technology Department. Those offices moved in during early spring of 2009. The move of the Treasurer and Commissioner's offices into the Wachovia Building and out of the County Courthouse then began to free up room for the Court offices still in the Courthouse to expand. With the growth in Culpeper, the demand on the courtrooms has also increased the volume of cases heard and these court offices are in need of expansion. Renovation of the Courthouse is expected to begin during the early spring of 2010.

Renovation of the Culpeper County Courthouse

Once the Treasurer and Commissioner's offices were moved into the Wachovia Building, the County began renovation of the Courthouse. Funds in the amount of \$1.7M were borrowed from Virginia Resource Authority for the renovation of the building. Renovations are expected to be complete in the summer of 2010.

Implementation of Electronic Document Management System

The Board of Supervisors authorized as part of the FY08 budget, \$282,000 for the implementation of an Electronic Document Management System (EDMS). The first phase of this implementation was email archiving to ensure compliance with the records retention guidelines for correspondence outlined by the Library of Virginia. The second phase will be to improve processes in departments by utilizing workflow, automated forms, and existing software integrations, this phase will begin in the Finance Department with the Accounts Payable process. The third phase will be an automated Records Management platform to ensure all documents maintained in the EDMS are retained for the period of time specified by the Library of Virginia and then disposed of accordingly.

Prospects for the Future. For the fiscal year 2010-2011, the Board of Supervisors has approved a General Fund Operating Budget of \$69,341,180. During fiscal year 2008, the County realized that it would be realizing about a \$4 million shortfall. Therefore, immediate spending cuts were made, including a hiring freeze on all vacant positions. This hiring freeze has continued through FY10. Culpeper's General Fund revenues for fiscal year 2011 are down from fiscal year 2010 by \$1.8 million. To compensate for the reduction in revenue, the County reduced its General Fund expenditures by \$.12M. In spite of this, Culpeper remains an attractive location for businesses, as evidenced by the location of Terremark to Culpeper. The County's population has begun to level out, but the County maintains its commitment to maintaining a stable tax base fairly split between residential and commercial use, and its cost-effective approach towards service delivery.

MAJOR INITIATIVES: (CONTINUED)

Implementation of Electronic Document Management System: (Continued)

Risk Management. The County of Culpeper has a risk management program which is committed to the logical, systematic and continuous identification of loss exposures for and to the County, its employees, its citizens and taxpayers, through the evaluation of risk in terms of severity and frequency probability and the application of sound loss control procedures. As a part of this commitment, the County has obtained third party coverage for all liability risk.

Cash Management. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in time deposits and various authorized money market instruments. The amount of interest received was \$81,792. This is a decrease from interest earned on temporary investments in fiscal year 2008-2009 when the interest on investments totaled \$383,407.

OTHER INFORMATION

Management's Discussion and Analysis. Generally accepted accounting principles require management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County of Culpeper's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Independent Audit. The Commonwealth of Virginia requires an annual audit of the financial records and transactions of all departments of the County by independent certified public accountants selected by the Board of Supervisors. The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Government and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Information related to this single audit, including the findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with laws and regulations, is contained in this report. These requirements have been complied with and the auditor's opinion is included in this report.

Certificate of Achievement. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate for Excellence in Financial Reporting to County of Culpeper, Virginia for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year which ended June 30, 2008. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

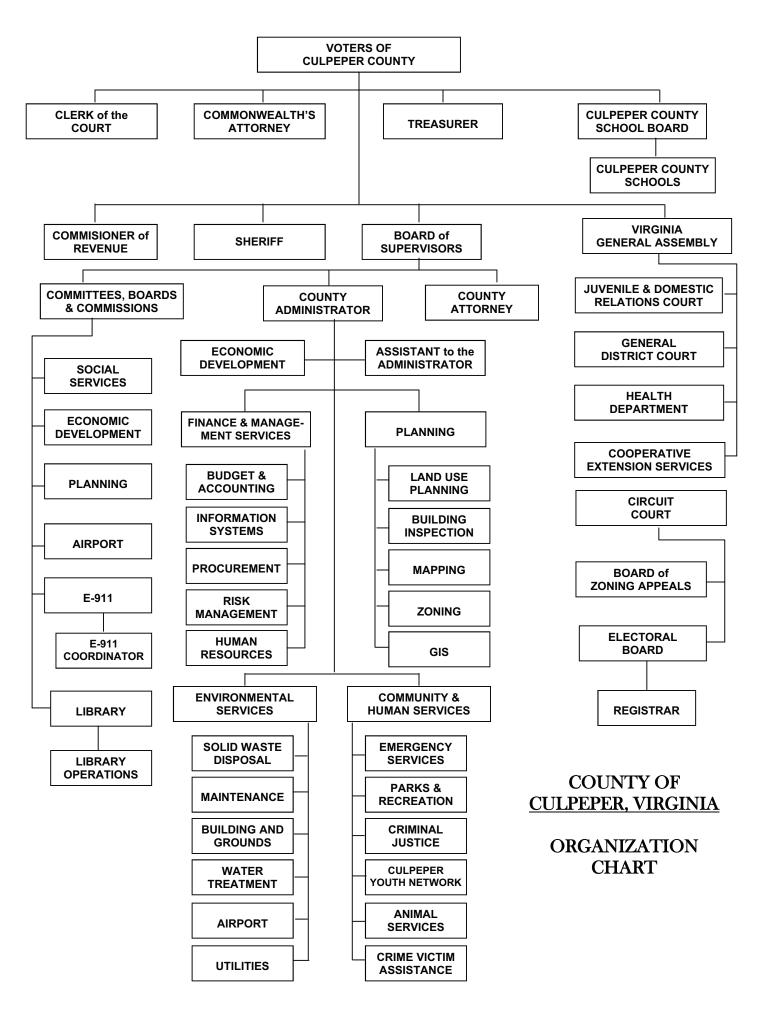
Acknowledgments. The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the dedicated services of the entire Department of Finance. We would also like to thank the Board of Supervisors for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operation of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Frank T. Bossio
County Administrator

Valerie H. Lamb Director of Finance

Valerie N. Zamb





COUNTY OF CULPEPER, VIRGINIA Directory of Officials June 30, 2010

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Bradley C. Rosenberger, Chairman Larry W. Aylor, Vice-Chairman William C. Chase, Jr. Steven E. Nixon Sue D. Hansohn Thomas S. Underwood Steven L. Walker Jefferson District
Cedar Mountain District
Stevensburg District
West Fairfax District
Catalpa District
Salem District
East Fairfax District

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS

Terry Yowell
David L. DeJarnette
Gary Close
James Branch
Janice Corbin

Commissioner of Revenue Treasurer Commonwealth's Attorney Sheriff Circuit Court Clerk

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

Frank T. Bossio Roy B. Thorpe, Jr. Valerie H. Lamb Calvin Coleman County Administrator
County Attorney
Director of Finance
Director of Human Services

SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT OFFICIALS

School Board

George T. Dasher, Chairman	Stevensburg District
Anne C. Luckinbill, Vice-Chair	Salem District
Robert Beard	East Fairfax District
Elizabeth S. Hutchins	Cedar Mountain District
Robert H. Houck	West Fairfax District
Leanne S. Mualulani	Jefferson District
Russell E. Jenkins	Catalpa District

Administrative Officers

Dr. Bobbi F. Johnson	Superintendent
Dr. Stacey Timmons	•
Jeffrey R. Shomo	Executive Director of Business



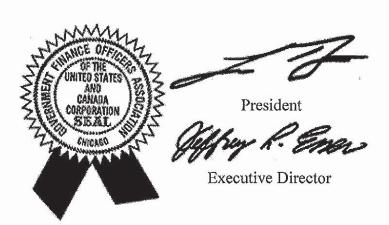
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Culpeper Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Culpeper, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Culpeper, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of County of Culpeper, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Culpeper, Virginia, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2010, on our consideration of the County of Culpeper, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Culpeper, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements, supporting schedule and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County of Culpeper, Virginia. The combining and individual fund financial statements, supporting schedule and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Charlottesville, Virginia December 20, 2010

insa, Farmer, By Associates

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Culpeper County County of Culpeper, Virginia

As management of the County of Culpeper, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$89,380,538 (net assets). Of this amount, \$28,844,234 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$27,058,224 an increase of \$4,977,459 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 86 percent of this amount, \$23,321,755, is available for spending at Culpeper, Virginia's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$22,342,047, or 29 percent of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's nets assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, police and volunteer fire protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation. The business-type activities of the County include Water and Sewer, Landfill, and Airport operations.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Culpeper, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the County of Culpeper, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information present for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Culpeper, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> - *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statement, governmental fund financial statement focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spend-able resources, as well as on balance of spend-able resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because of the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Projects fund, both of which are considered to be major funds.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its Governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - The County maintains three enterprise funds as well as the Culpeper County Water and Sewer Authority, which is a blended component unit of the County. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer, landfill, and airport operations as well as the water and sewer authority operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer, landfill, airport, and water and sewer authority activities all of which are considered to be major funds of the County.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. Culpeper County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$89,380,538 at year end.

The largest portion of the County's net assets (80 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Schedule of Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	Governmental Activities		Business Activi		Totals			
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 35,498,529 5 119,198,686	33,457,300 \$ 120,494,435	4,093,852 \$ 39,968,375	4,708,608 \$ 39,939,071	39,592,381 \$ 159,167,061	38,165,908 160,433,506		
Total assets	\$ 154,697,215	\$ <u>153,951,735</u> \$	44,062,227 \$	44,647,679	198,759,442 \$	198,599,414		
Long-term liabilities outstanding Current liabilities	\$ 95,313,980 9 11,768,973	\$ 88,128,175 \$ 20,287,632	1,780,709 \$ 515,242	2,008,416 \$ 514,456	97,094,689 \$ 12,284,215	90,136,591 20,802,088		
Total liabilities	\$ 107,082,953	\$ <u>108,415,807</u> \$	2,295,951 \$	2,522,872 \$	109,378,904 \$	110,938,679		
Net assets:								
Invested in capital assets net of related debt Unrestricted	\$ 21,744,425 5 25,869,837	5 25,331,224 \$ 18,086,410	38,791,879 \$ 2,974,397	38,532,234 \$ 3,592,573	60,536,304 \$ 28,844,234	63,863,458 21,678,983		
Total net assets	\$ <u>47,614,262</u>	\$ <u>43,417,634</u> \$	41,766,276 \$	42,124,807	89,380,538 \$	85,542,441		

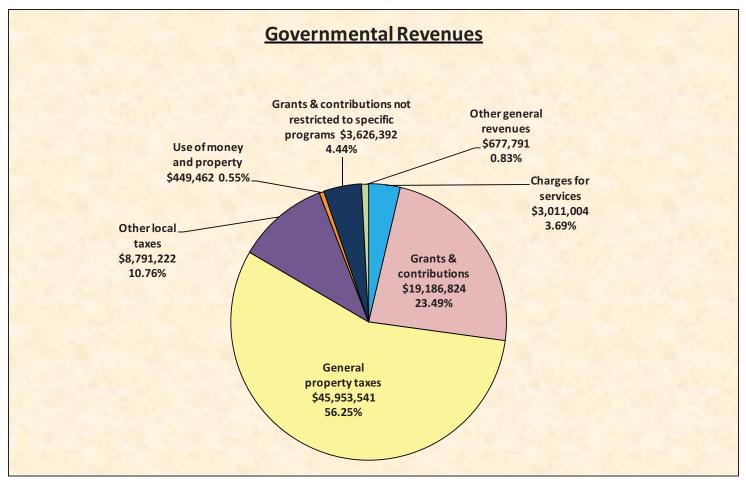
At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in both unrestricted net assets as well as the investment in capital assets net of related debt. The same situation did not hold true for the prior fiscal year.

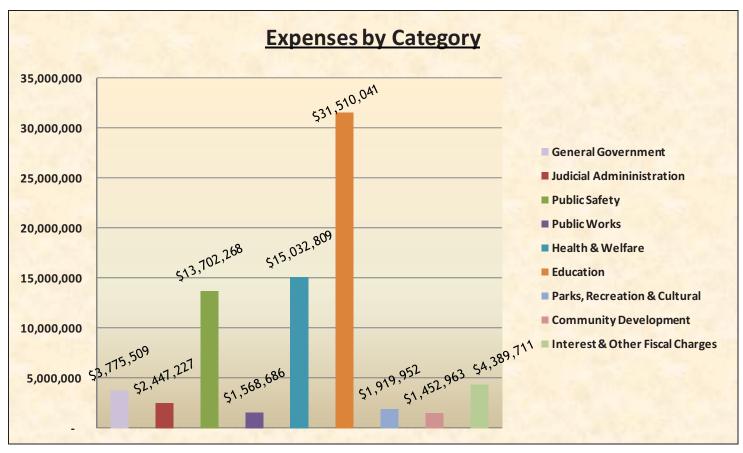
Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the County's net assets by \$4,196,628 while the Business-type activities decreased \$358,531. The decrease in business-type activities was caused primarily by repayment to the county of the initial cost of tap fees sold through the Water & Sewer Fund. The Water & Sewer Fund maintained the profit, while repaying to the General Fund the initial cost of each tap sold. Key elements of the changes in net assets are as follows:

Changes in Net Assets
For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	Governmental Activities		Business-t Activitio		Totals		
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 3,011,004 \$	3,439,981 \$	2,117,530 \$	2,532,466 \$	5,128,534 \$	5,972,447	
Operating grants and							
contributions	14,276,535	14,414,513	7,560	-	14,284,095	14,414,513	
Capital grants and							
contributions	4,910,289	7,483,680	381,494	1,686,515	5,291,783	9,170,195	
General revenues:							
General property taxes	45,953,541	48,819,205	-	-	45,953,541	48,819,205	
Other local taxes	8,791,222	8,844,267	-		8,791,222	8,844,267	
Use of money and property	449,462	599,243	12,334	72,560	461,796	671,803	
C/VA non-categorical aid	3,626,392	3,690,898	-	-	3,626,392	3,690,898	
Other general revenues	677,791	287,627	<u> </u>		677,791	287,627	
Total revenues	\$ 81,696,236 \$	87,579,414 \$	2,518,918 \$	<u>4,291,541</u> \$_	84,215,154 \$	91,870,955	
Expenses:							
General government							
administration	\$ 3,775,509 \$	4,256,847 \$	- \$	- \$	3,775,509 \$	4,256,847	
Judicial administration	2,447,227	2,373,026	-	-	2,447,227	2,373,026	
Public safety	13,702,268	14,047,751	-	-	13,702,268	14,047,751	
Public works	1,568,686	3,130,874	-	-	1,568,686	3,130,874	
Health and welfare	15,032,809	14,814,505	-	-	15,032,809	14,814,505	
Education	31,510,041	32,740,398	-	-	31,510,041	32,740,398	
Parks, recreation, and							
cultural	1,919,952	1,970,055	-	-	1,919,952	1,970,055	
Community development	1,452,963	1,962,771	-	-	1,452,963	1,962,771	
Interest and other fiscal							
charges	4,389,711	4,378,949	-	-	4,389,711	4,378,949	
Landfill	-	-		2,707,086	2,222,198	2,707,086	
Water and Sewer	-	-	756,992	668,330	756,992	668,330	
Airport	-	-		1,590,711	1,582,110	1,590,711	
Water and Sewer Authority			16,591	68,256	16,591	68,256	
Total expenses	\$ 75,799,166 \$	79,675,176 \$	4,577,891 \$	5,034,383 \$	80,377,057 \$	84,709,559	
Increase(decrease) in net assets before transfers	\$ 5,897,070 \$	7 904 238 S	(2,058,973) \$	(742 842) \$	3,838,097 \$	7,161,396	
Transfers	(1,700,442)	(1,889,649)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1,889,649	5,030,077 \$	-,101,370	
					2 020 007 ¢	7 161 204	
Increase in net assets	\$ 4,196,628 \$		(358,531) \$		3,838,097 \$	7,161,396	
Net assets, beginning of year,	43,417,634	37,403,045		10,978,000	85,542,441	78,381,045	
Net assets, end of year	\$ 47,614,262 \$	43,417,634 \$	41,766,276 \$ 4	<u> 2,124,807</u>	89,380,538 \$	85,542,441	

 Taxes on recordation and wills decreased due to the slowing economy and downturn in the housing market. Motor vehicle license fees were also decreased due to a billing cycle change for motor vehicle licenses for citizens. The Board of Supervisors changed the cycle to coincide with the billing of personal property taxes to help eliminate long lines at the Courthouse during the former April due date season.





- The County's revenue from use of money and property decreased in FY10 from FY09 due primarily to lower interest rates and use of bonds held that interest received is calculated.
- Public safety expenses decreased from \$14,047,751 to \$13,702,268 in FY09 to FY10 due to decreased grant opportunities in the law enforcement area, as well as outside jail services were down significantly due to the use of electronic monitoring of inmates vs housing in other jail facilities.
- Health and welfare expenses increased by \$218,304 from FY09 to FY10 due to increasing costs related to Comprehensive Services Act.
- Community development expenses decreased by \$509,808 because during FY09 Terremark received the Governor's Opportunity Fund grant. Those funds flowed through the County under Economic Development, but were not received during FY10.

For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services.

<u>Business-Type Activities</u> - Business-type activities decreased the County's net assets by \$358,531, thereby accounting for 16 percent of the total growth in the net assets of the County. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services for business-type activities decreased by \$407,376 (16 percent) during the year. This decrease was due to the slowing of the economy and less use of the Solid Waste Transfer Station.
- Because of the economy expenses decreased as well. The overall decrease in expenses was \$445,677 with \$88,662 increase in the Water and Sewer Fund; \$484,888 decrease in the Landfill Fund; and \$2,214 decrease in the Airport Fund. The decrease in the Landfill was due to less trash accepted in the transfer station, therefore less contractual services for hauling trash away.
- The Water and Sewer Authority received capital contributions of \$0 in FY10 compared to \$650,000 in FY09. This decrease is due to the development of the Clevenger's Village project slowing because of the economy.
- Other increases in net assets are caused by the general growth in the County and the demand for services.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spend-able resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$27,058,224, an increase of \$4,977,459 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 86 percent of this total constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is dedicated for construction projects and subsequent expenditures to indicate that is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

The general fund is the main operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$22,342,047, while total fund balance reached \$26,078,516, an increase from the prior year of \$1,773,212. Key factors in the net decrease are as follows:

• Property tax collections have leveled out; with the uncollected rate as of FY09 at 95.27% and for FY10 at 95.22%.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds: (Continued)

The County's Capital Projects Fund balance increased \$3,204,247 during the year. The Capital Projects Fund had revenues of \$5,207,299 which included a bond issue of \$3,925,000, while it expended \$2,003,052 in various projects during the year. Expenditures for capital projects were as follows:

- 1. Courthouse renovation \$1,136,769
- 2. New high school offsite infrastructure costs \$127,834
- 3. Bond issuance costs \$126,030
- 4. Yowell Elementary School \$491,340
- 5. Eastern View High School \$27,704

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net assets of the Airport Fund at the end of the year were \$11,064,417, a decrease from the prior year of \$204,596. Charges for services decreased \$40,183 and grants decreased \$47,181 from prior year amounts.

Net assets of the Landfill Fund totaled \$3,662,696, an increase from prior year of \$120,129. Charges for services decreased from the prior year by \$400,581 while expenditures decreased from the prior year by \$484,888.

The Water and Sewer fund expenses increased by \$88,662 in 2010, and charges for services increased by \$80,569. Water and Sewer net assets decreased \$257,562 for the year ending June 30, 2010 and total \$6,906,628. The primary reason for the decrease was the transference of funds for repayment to the General Fund when tap fees were purchased.

During 2005 the Board of Supervisors created the Water and Sewer Authority to account for water and sewer activities in the northern part of the County which we call Clevenger's Corner. During the year \$255,739 of infrastructure costs was capitalized. At June 30, 2010 net assets totaled \$20,132,535.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were \$2,511,127 and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$1,302,537 in health and welfare, primarily Youth Services and DHS Programs
- \$868,389 in public safety
- \$340,201 in other

Of this increase, \$1,511,534 was to be funded from intergovernmental revenues. The remaining \$999,593 was to be budgeted from available fund balance.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2010 amounts to \$159,167,061 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$98,504,543. Of this amount \$97,328,047 represents debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. Revenue bonds).

Capital Asset and Debt Administration: (Continued)

Legislation enacted during fiscal year ended June 20, 2002 requires that the Primary Government has assumed debt historically reported by the School Board. The legislation affects the reporting of local school capital assets as well.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The fiscal health of Culpeper County has an effect on the levels of service that will be provided to the residents of the County. During fiscal year 2008, the County realized that it would be realizing about a \$4 million shortfall. Therefore, immediate spending cuts were made, including a hiring freeze on all vacant positions. The hiring freeze continued into fiscal year 2009. Culpeper's General Fund revenues for fiscal year 2011 are down from fiscal year 2010 by \$1.8 million. However, Culpeper remains an attractive location for businesses, as evidenced by the coming of Terremark to Culpeper. The County's population has begun to level out, but the County maintains its commitment to maintaining a stable tax base fairly split between residential and commercial use, and its cost-effective approach towards service delivery.

The economy has slowed both on the state and federal level. The Consumer Price Index in the United States for 2009 increased over 2008 by .2% due to the recession. On the state level, the unemployment rate for Virginia as of April 2009 was 6.6% compared to 6.7% as of April 2010 and the unemployment rate for Culpeper County as of April 2010 is 7.7% vs. a year ago when the rate was only 7.9%. On a national level, unemployment exceeds both the state and local unemployment level at 9.5%.

Because of the general reassessment during FY10, the total value of real property excluding additional assessments due to new construction or improvements to property, declined from last year's total assessed value by eleven (10.96%) percent. This assessment decrease then required an adjusted tax rate to offset the decreased assessment. This resulted in a higher tax rate or equalization rate of \$.69. The FY10 adopted budget reduced the current real estate tax rate from the equalized rate of \$0.64 per \$100 of assessed value to \$.60 per \$100 of assessed value and equalized the fire/rescue tax implemented in FY05 at \$.05 per \$100 of assessed value for real estate. Because of the nature of the current economy, the Board of Supervisors actually voted to reduce taxes for the citizens. A tax rate of \$.65 per \$100 of assessed value was approved which reduced the total real estate tax rate from the equalized rate of \$.69 per \$100 of assessed value for fiscal year 2009-2010. During FY11, the real estate rate was maintained at \$.65 per \$100 of assessed value.

The FY11 budget maintains the current personal property tax rate of \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed value for recreational personal property; \$3.50 per \$100 of assessed value for all other personal property, except for the classification of airplanes which rate is maintained at \$.63 per \$100 of assessed value. However, as previously mentioned, because of NADA devaluation of vehicles, this budget does presume a 12.5% reduction in personal property revenue or \$1.6M.

The fiscal year 2010 estimate of this revenue is based on a stable value of assessed property and maintaining the current tax rate of \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed value for recreational personal property; however for the classes of personal property that fall under the vehicle categories for NADA, these values were predicted to decline in value at about 12.5%. These classes are still budgeted at \$3.50 per \$100 of assessed value; and \$.63 per \$100 of assessed value for airplanes. For the fiscal year 2011 budget, the revenues were projected to remain at the reduced values, but maintaining the current rate per \$100 of assessed value, per category. The revenue generated from the personal property tax increase in FY07 was, and will continue to be used to offset additional debt for the new high school in fiscal year 2010 and future years.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2011 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Culpeper, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 302 N. Main Street, Culpeper, Virginia 22701.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Government-wide Financial Statements



	Primary Government					Component Unit	
		Governmental Activities		Business Type Activities	Total	School Board	
ASSETS	_	7.00.7.0.00					
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	24,946,605	\$	3,975,125 \$	28,921,730 \$	2,810,264	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Property taxes		3,785,065		_	3,785,065	_	
Accounts receivable		329,459		197,234	526,693	161,661	
Prepaid items		50,874		15,339	66,213	-	
Inventory		-		2,997,860	2,997,860	-	
Due from primary government		-		-	-	4,393,347	
Internal balances		3,168,581		(3,168,581)	2 204 920	- 2 022 40E	
Due from other governments	_	3,217,945		76,875	3,294,820	2,832,485	
Total Current Assets	\$_	35,498,529	\$_	4,093,852 \$	39,592,381 \$	10,197,757	
Noncurrent Assets							
Capital assets (net of depreciation):							
Land and land improvements	\$	9,272,460	\$	2,245,522 \$	11,517,982 \$	1,955,682	
Construction in progress		70,939,366		23,489,387	94,428,753	-	
Buildings		24,152,953		13,794,707	37,947,660	9,734,431	
Equipment		1,691,350		438,759	2,130,109	5,348,238	
Jointly owned assets Total Capital Assets	ς-	13,142,557 119,198,686	- د	39,968,375 \$	13,142,557 159,167,061 \$	14,310,016 31,348,367	
Total capital Assets	٧_	117,170,000	- ~ -	37,700,373	137,107,001	31,310,307	
Total Assets	\$_	154,697,215	\$_	44,062,227 \$	198,759,442 \$	41,546,124	
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities	ć	F// 033	ċ	224 (05 ¢	707 747 ¢	7 (02 244	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities Unearned revenue	\$	566,032 166,538	þ	231,685 \$	797,717 \$ 166,538	7,682,344	
Due to component unit		4,393,347		-	4,393,347	-	
Accrued interest payable		2,032,817		29,172	2,061,989	-	
Current portion of long-term obligations		4,610,239		254,385	4,864,624	530,460	
Total Current Liabilities	\$	11,768,973	\$	515,242 \$	12,284,215 \$	8,212,804	
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	_	95,313,980		1,780,709	97,094,689	1,348,007	
Total Liabilities	\$_	107,082,953	\$_	2,295,951 \$	109,378,904 \$	9,560,811	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	21,744,425	\$	38,791,879 \$	60,536,304 \$	30,638,274	
Unrestricted	_	25,869,837		2,974,397	28,844,234	1,347,039	
Total Net Assets	\$_	47,614,262	\$_	41,766,276 \$	89,380,538 \$	31,985,313	
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$_	154,697,215	\$_	44,062,227 \$	198,759,442 \$	41,546,124	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$ 3,775,509	\$	-	\$	309,388	\$	-	
Judicial administration	2,447,227		230,856		666,028		-	
Public safety	13,702,268		1,093,514		3,511,081		-	
Public works	1,568,686		-		183,088		-	
Health and welfare	15,032,809		1,522,702		9,418,108		-	
Education	31,510,041		-		-		4,910,289	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,919,952		162,289		168,706		-	
Community development	1,452,963		1,643		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt	 4,389,711		-		20,136		-	
Total governmental activities	\$ 75,799,166	\$	3,011,004	\$_	14,276,535	\$_	4,910,289	
Business-type activities:								
Landfill	\$ 2,222,198	\$	1,186,803	\$	-	\$	-	
Water and sewer	756,992		242,502		-		-	
Airport	1,582,110		688,225		7,560		381,494	
Water and sewer authority	 16,591		-	_	-	_	<u>-</u>	
Total business-type activities	\$ 4,577,891	\$	2,117,530	\$_	7,560	\$_	381,494	
Total primary government	\$ 80,377,057	\$	5,128,534	\$_	14,284,095	\$_	5,291,783	
COMPONENT UNIT:								
School Board	\$ 78,134,182	\$	1,737,172	\$_	41,158,322	\$_	1,506,893	

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use taxes

Consumer utility taxes

E-911 taxes

Taxes on recordation and wills

Motor vehicle license taxes

Other local taxes

County contribution to School Board

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

-	Gove					Component
-	Primary Government					Unit
Governmental Activities		Business Type Activities		Total	_	School Board
(3,466,121) (1,550,343) (9,097,673) (1,385,598) (4,091,999) (26,599,752) (1,588,957) (1,451,320) (4,369,575)	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	(3,466,121) (1,550,343) (9,097,673) (1,385,598) (4,091,999) (26,599,752) (1,588,957) (1,451,320) (4,369,575)	\$	- - - - - - -
(53,601,338)	\$		\$	(53,601,338)	\$	
- - -	\$	(514,490) (504,831)	\$	(514,490) (504,831)	\$:
-	\$	(2,071,307)	\$		\$	
(53,601,338)	\$	(2,071,307)	\$_	(55,672,645)	\$_	<u>-</u>
<u>-</u>	\$		\$_		\$_	(33,731,795)
4,670,002 1,983,855 750,680 538,548 701,177 146,960	\$	- - - - - - - 12 334	\$	45,953,541 4,670,002 1,983,855 750,680 538,548 701,177 146,960	\$	- - - - - - 29,289,080
677,791 3,626,392		-		461,796 677,791 3,626,392		97,910 860,142 - -
57,797,966 4,196,628 43,417,634	\$ <u> </u>	1,712,776 (358,531) 42,124,807	. —	59,510,742 3,838,097 85,542,441 89,380,538	\$_ \$_ -	30,247,132 (3,484,663) 35,469,976 31,985,313
	(1,550,343) (9,097,673) (1,385,598) (4,091,999) (26,599,752) (1,588,957) (1,451,320) (4,369,575) (53,601,338) 	(9,097,673) (1,385,598) (4,091,999) (26,599,752) (1,588,957) (1,451,320) (4,369,575) (53,601,338) \$ - \$ (53,601,338) \$ - \$ (53,601,338) \$ 45,953,541 \$ 4,670,002 1,983,855 750,680 538,548 701,177 146,960 - 449,462 677,791 3,626,392 (1,700,442) 57,797,966 4,196,628 43,417,634	(1,550,343) - (9,097,673) - (1,385,598) - (4,091,999) - (26,599,752) - (1,588,957) - (1,451,320) - (4,369,575) - (53,601,338) \$ - (514,490) - (504,831) - (16,591) - \$ (2,071,307)	(1,550,343) - (9,097,673) - (1,385,598) - (4,091,999) - (26,599,752) - (1,588,957) - (1,451,320) - (4,369,575) - (53,601,338) \$ - \$ (514,490) - (504,831) - (16,591) - (504,831) - (16,591) - (2,071,307) \$ (2,071,3	(1,550,343) - (1,550,343) (9,097,673) - (9,097,673) (1,385,598) - (1,385,598) (4,091,999) - (4,091,999) (26,599,752) - (26,599,752) (1,588,957) - (1,588,957) (1,451,320) - (1,451,320) (4,369,575) - (4,369,575) (53,601,338) \$ - \$ (53,601,338) - \$ (1,035,395) \$ (1,035,395) - (514,490) - (514,490) - (504,831) - (16,591) - (16,591) - \$ (2,071,307) \$ (2,071,307) (53,601,338) \$ (2,071,307) \$ (55,672,645) - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 45,953,541 \$ - \$ 45,953,541 4,670,002 - 4,670,002 1,983,855 - 1,983,855 750,680 - 750,680 538,548 - 538,548 701,177 - 701,177 146,960 - 146,960 - 449,462 12,334 461,796 677,791 - 701,177 146,960 - 146,960 - 449,462 12,334 461,796 677,791 - 677,791 3,626,392 - 3,626,392 (1,700,442) 1,700,442 57,797,966 \$ 1,712,776 \$ 59,510,742 4,196,628 \$ (358,531) \$ 3,838,097 43,417,634 42,124,807 85,542,441	(1,550,343) - (1,550,343) (9,097,673) - (9,097,673) (1,385,598) - (1,385,598) (4,091,999) - (4,091,999) (26,599,752) - (26,599,752) (1,588,957) - (1,588,957) (1,451,320) - (1,451,320) (4,369,575) - (4,369,575) (53,601,338) \$ - (53,601,338) \$ - \$ (1,035,395) \$ (1,035,395) \$ - \$ (16,591) (504,831)



Fund Financial Statements

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds At June 30, 2010

At 3dile 30, 2010				
			Capital	
		General	Projects	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	23,901,232 \$	1,045,373	\$ 24,946,605
Taxes, including penalties		3,785,065	-	3,785,065
Accounts		329,459	-	329,459
Prepaid items		50,874	-	50,874
Due from other funds		3,168,581	-	3,168,581
Due from other governmental units	_	3,217,945	-	3,217,945
Total assets	\$	34,453,156 \$	1,045,373	\$ 35,498,529
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	500,367 \$	65,665	\$ 566,032
Due to component unit		4,393,347	-	4,393,347
Deferred revenue	_	3,480,926	-	3,480,926
Total liabilities	\$	8,374,640 \$	65,665	\$ 8,440,305
FUND BALANCES				
Unreserved:				
Designated for subsequent expenditures	\$	2,130,135 \$	-	\$ 2,130,135
Designated for capital projects		1,606,334	-	1,606,334
Undesignated	_	22,342,047	979,708	23,321,755
Total fund balances	\$	26,078,516 \$	979,708	\$ 27,058,224
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	34,453,156 \$	1,045,373	
Detailed explanation of adjustments from fund statements to go	vernment	-wide Statement	of Net Assets:	
When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) that are to	be used	in governmental	activities are	
purchased or constructed, the costs of those assets are reported	as exper	nditures in goverr	mental funds.	
However, the Statement of Net Assets includes those capital ass	ets amor	ng the assets of the	ne County as a	
whole.				119,198,686
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental	funds, b	ut rather is reco	ognized as an	(2,032,817)
expenditure when due.				(, , , ,
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term finance	ing, some	e assets will not b	oe available to	
pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for examp			t by deferred	
revenues in the governmental funds and thus are not included in	the fund	balance.		3,314,388
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental ac	ctivities a	are not due and	payable in the	
current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities	es. All li	abilities-both cur	rent and long-	
term-are reported in the Statement of Net Assets.				(99,924,219)
Net assets of General Governmental Activities				\$ 47,614,262
				,0.1,202

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances --Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Governmental Fund Types				
		General		Capital Projects		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	\$	45 440 7 02	ċ		ċ	45 440 702
General property taxes Other local taxes	Ş	45,440,793 8,791,222	Ş	-	\$	45,440,793
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		563,189		-		8,791,222 563,189
Fines and forfeitures		77,962		-		77,962
		·		19 007		
Revenue from use of money and property		431,455		18,007		449,462
Charges for services Miscellaneous		2,369,853		-		2,369,853
		258,145		419,646		677,791
Recovered costs		258,658		-		258,658
Intergovernmental:		4 204 244		E40.04E		4 040 000
School Board Contribution to Primary Government		4,391,244		519,045		4,910,289
Commonwealth		12,632,122		183,088		12,815,210
Federal		5,087,717		-		5,087,717
Total revenues	\$	80,302,360	\$_	1,139,786	\$	81,442,146
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government administration	\$	3,665,766	\$	70,267	\$	3,736,033
Judicial administration		2,434,963		-		2,434,963
Public safety		13,684,548		-		13,684,548
Public works		1,080,072		1,273,570		2,353,642
Health and welfare		15,004,065		-		15,004,065
Education		29,387,093		519,045		29,906,138
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,761,986		14,140		1,776,126
Community development		1,441,027		-		1,441,027
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		4,369,831		-		4,369,831
Interest and other fiscal charges		3,999,355	_	126,030		4,125,385
Total expenditures	\$	76,828,706	\$_	2,003,052	\$	78,831,758
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	3,473,654	\$_	(863,266)	\$	2,610,388
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	\$	288,933	\$	-	\$	288,933
Issuance of literary fund loan		-	•	7,500,000	·	7,500,000
Interim financing redeemed		-		(7,500,000)		(7,500,000)
Issuance of lease revenue bonds		-		3,925,000		3,925,000
Premium on bonds issued		-		142,513		142,513
Transfers (out)		(1,989,375)	_	<u> </u>		(1,989,375)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(1,700,442)	\$_	4,067,513	\$	2,367,071
Changes in fund balances	\$	1,773,212	\$	3,204,247	\$	4,977,459
Fund balances at beginning of year		24,305,304	_	(2,224,539)		22,080,765
Fund balances at end of year	\$	26,078,516	\$_	979,708	\$	27,058,224

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2010

			_	Primary Government Governmental Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			_	Tulius
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	4,977,459
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period:				
Capital outlays Disposal of capital assets Depreciation expense	\$	1,983,885 (14,364) (1,758,377)		211,144
Depreciation expense	_	(1,730,377)	•	211,144
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit School Board				(1,506,893)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Details of this adjustment consist of the change in deferred revenue - taxes.				512,748
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Details of this adjustment are as follows:				
Principal retired on long-term debt	\$	11,869,831		
Issuance of long-term debt		(11,567,513)		
Amortization of premium on bonds issued		35,884		
Amortization of deferred amount on refunding	_	(44,334)		293,868
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:				
Change in accrued leave	\$	(31,822)		
Change in other post employement benefits	٦	(4,000)		
Change in interest payable		(255,876)		(291,698)
Change in net assets of governmental activities			\$	4,196,628

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds At June 30, 2010

		Landfill Fund		Water & Sewer Fund		Airport Fund		Water & Sewer	Totals
ASSETS		runu	-	ruliu		ruiiu	-	Authority	Totals
Current Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,973,211	Ś		\$	-	Ś	1,914 \$	3,975,125
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	•		•		•		,	,,,,,,	
Accounts receivable		101,430		59,982		35,822		-	197,234
Due from other governments		-		-		76,875		-	76,875
Prepaid expenses		3,430		7,874		4,035		-	15,339
Inventory		-	_	2,938,567		59,293	_	- -	2,997,860
Total Current Assets	\$	4,078,071	\$_	3,006,423	\$_	176,025	\$_	1,914 \$	7,262,433
Noncurrent Assets									
Capital assets (net of depreciation):									
Land	\$	401,073	\$	235,200	\$	516,929	\$	1,092,320 \$	2,245,522
Construction in progress		-		1,386,097		364,989		21,738,301	23,489,387
Buildings and improvements		7,686		2,105,873		11,681,148		-	13,794,707
Equipment		143,741	. –	230,675		64,343			438,759
Total Capital Assets	\$	552,500	\$_	3,957,845	-\$_	12,627,409	\$_	22,830,621 \$	39,968,375
Total Assets	\$	4,630,571	\$_	6,964,268	\$	12,803,434	\$_	22,832,535 \$	47,230,808
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	143,583	\$	32,335	\$	55,767	\$	- \$	231,685
Interest payable		-		-		29,172		-	29,172
Due to other funds		-		-		468,581		2,700,000	3,168,581
Current portion of long-term obligations		39,775		2,530		212,080		<u> </u>	254,385
Total Current Liabilities	\$	183,358	\$	34,865	\$	765,600	\$	2,700,000 \$	3,683,823
Noncurrent Liabilities									
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	_	784,517	_	22,775		973,417	_		1,780,709
Total Liabilities	\$	967,875	\$_	57,640	\$	1,739,017	\$_	2,700,000 \$	5,464,532
NET ASSETS									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	ς	552,500	ς	3,957,845	¢	11,450,913	ς	22,830,621 \$	38,791,879
Unrestricted (deficit)	ب	3,110,196	ب	2,948,783	ڔ	(386,496)	ب	(2,698,086)	
omesancied (denoit)	_	3,110,170	-	2,740,703		(300,470)	_	(2,070,000)	2,974,397
Total Net Assets	\$	3,662,696	\$_	6,906,628	\$	11,064,417	\$_	20,132,535 \$	41,766,276
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	4,630,571	\$_	6,964,268	\$	12,803,434	\$_	22,832,535 \$	47,230,808

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets -- Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

	_	Landfill Fund		Water £ Sewer Fund	_	Airport Fund	_	Water & Sewer Authority	_	Totals
Operating revenues:										
Charges for services Maintenance grants	\$ _	1,186,803 \$ 	\$ 	242,502	\$ _	688,225 7,560	\$ _	-	\$ _	2,117,530 7,560
Total operating revenues	\$_	1,186,803 \$	\$	242,502	\$_	695,785	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	2,125,090
Operating expenses:										
Personal services	\$	389,490 \$	\$	144,525	\$	133,222	\$	-	\$	667,237
Fringe benefits		104,619		46,123		24,719		-		175,461
Contractual services		1,625,229		167,265		185,054		2,818		1,980,366
Other charges		66,737		274,060		514,276		13,773		868,846
Depreciation	_	36,123		125,019	_	660,739	_	-	_	821,881
Total operating expenses	\$_	2,222,198 \$	\$	756,992	\$_	1,518,010	\$_	16,591	\$_	4,513,791
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(1,035,395) \$	\$	(514,490)	\$_	(822,225)	\$_	(16,591)	\$_	(2,388,701)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
Interest income	\$	12,245 \$	\$	-	\$	-	\$	89	\$	12,334
Interest expense	_	-		-	_	(64,100)	_		_	(64,100)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$_	12,245 \$	\$	-	\$_	(64,100)	\$_	89	\$_	(51,766)
Income (loss) before contributions										
and transfers	\$_	(1,023,150)	\$	(514,490)	\$_	(886,325)	\$_	(16,502)	\$_	(2,440,467)
Capital contributions and construction										
grants	\$_	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$_	381,494	\$_		\$_	381,494
Transfers:										
Transfers in	\$	1,143,279 \$	\$	545,861	\$	300,235	\$	-	\$	1,989,375
Transfers (out)	_	<u>-</u>		(288,933)	_	<u> </u>	_		_	(288,933)
Total transfers	\$_	1,143,279 \$	\$	256,928	\$_	300,235	\$_		\$_	1,700,442
Change in net assets	\$	120,129 \$	\$	(257,562)	\$	(204,596)	\$	(16,502)	\$	(358,531)
Net assets at beginning of year	_	3,542,567	7	7,164,190		11,269,013	_	20,149,037	_	42,124,807
Net assets at end of year	\$_	3,662,696 \$	\$6	5,906,628	\$_	11,064,417	\$_	20,132,535	\$_	41,766,276

Statement of Cash Flows --Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

	_	Landfill Fund	Water & Sewer Fund	Airport Fund	Water & Sewer Authority	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	1,202,470 \$ (1,734,157) (484,837)	245,166 \$ (142,651) (176,026)	689,987 \$ (697,150) (160,710)	- \$ (16,591) -	2,137,623 (2,590,549) (821,573)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	(1,016,524) \$	(73,511) \$	(167,873) \$	(16,591) \$	(1,274,499)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchases of capital assets	\$	(162,533) \$	(183,417) \$	(249,496) \$	(255,739) \$	(851,185)
Capital contributions Interest expense Retirement of indebtedness	_			326,781 (69,068) (230,341)		326,781 (69,068) (230,341)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$_	(162,533) \$	(183,417) \$	(222,124) \$	(255,739) \$	(823,813)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in Transfers (out) Increase in due to other funds	\$	1,143,279 \$ - -	545,861 \$ (288,933)	300,235 \$ - 89,762	- \$ - (300,000)	1,989,375 (288,933) (210,238)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital and related financing activities	\$_	1,143,279 \$	256,928 \$	389,997 \$	(300,000) \$	1,490,204
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income	\$_	12,245 \$	- \$_	- \$_	89 \$	12,334
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(23,533) \$	- \$	- \$	(572,241) \$	(595,774)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	3,996,744	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	574,155	4,570,899
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$_	3,973,211 \$	<u>-</u> \$	- \$	1,914 \$	3,975,125
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	s	(1,035,395) \$	(514,490) \$	(822,225) \$	(16,591) \$	(2,388,701)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operations:	~ _	(1,033,373)	(311,170)	(<i>GEL</i> , <i>EE3</i>) <i>y</i>	(10,371) 4	(2,300,701)
Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	\$	36,123 \$	125,019 \$	660,739 \$	- \$	821,881
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (Increase) in inventory Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		15,667 (66) - (6,585)	2,664 (869) 288,933 10,610	(5,798) (1,191) (15,407) 18,778	- - -	12,533 (2,126) 273,526 22,803
Increase (decrease) in accrued leave Increase (decrease) in landfill closure		9,272 (35,540)	14,622 -	(2,769)	-	21,125 (35,540)
Total adjustments	\$_	18,871 \$	440,979 \$	654,352 \$	- \$	1,114,202
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	(1,016,524) \$	(73,511) \$	(167,873) \$	(16,591) \$	(1,274,499)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets --Agency Funds At June 30, 2010

	 Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 371,272
Accounts receivable	 1,906
Total assets	\$ 373,178
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held for others	\$ 264,694
Amounts held for inmates	5,519
Amounts held for social services clients	 102,965
Total liabilities	\$ 373,178

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Culpeper, Virginia was formed in 1749 and it is governed by an elected seven member Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is responsible for appointing the County Administrator. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and volunteer fire protection, sanitation services, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Culpeper, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Assets</u> - The Statement of Net Assets is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the requirement to report the government's original budget in addition to the comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Culpeper, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

B. <u>Individual Component Unit Disclosures</u>

Blended Component Units - Culpeper County Water and Sewer Authority - The Culpeper County Water and Sewer Authority serves all the citizens of the government and is governed by a board comprised of the government's elected supervisors. The rates for user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the government's board. The Authority operates on a fiscal year which ends June 30. The Authority is presented as an enterprise fund in the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The School Board members are elected and are responsible for the operations of the County's School System. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures: (Continued)

Other Related Organizations

Included in the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

None

Rappahannock-Rapidan Planning District Commission

The Commission was created by resolution pursuant to state statute and is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The County appoints two of the 17 board members; however, the County cannot impose its will on the Board since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the Board. The Board is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

Rappahannock-Rapidan Community Services Board

The Board was created by resolution pursuant to state statute and is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The County appoints two of the 14 board members; however, the County cannot impose its will on the Board since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the Board. The Board is fiscally independent and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The County applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following major governmental funds.

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

b. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund (Capital Improvements) accounts for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities not being financed by proprietary funds.

2. <u>Proprietary Funds</u> - Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Funds measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

3. Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

3. Enterprise Funds: (Continued)

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems as well as the water distribution system.

<u>Landfill Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the activities of the County's landfill.

Airport Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities occurring at the County's Airport.

<u>Water and Sewer Authority</u> - This fund is used to account for the activities occurring at the Water and Sewer Authority.

4. <u>Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The County's agency funds are the Special Welfare Fund, Sheriff Commissary Fund, Piedmont Tech Fund, Thrift Store and Healthy Culpeper Fund.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, School Operating Fund, School Cafeteria Fund, and School Capital Projects Fund.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting: (Continued)

- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year and at year-end.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original to the current comparison of the final budget and actual results.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County government and the School Board to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the Local Government Investment Pool.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. No investments are valued at cost. The Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

F. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$507,761 at June 30, 2010, and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory is stated at cost (first-in, first-out) which is not in excess of market value. It consists primarily of operating materials held for consumption and or supplies for repairs and maintenance.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, road registered vehicles, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Interest attributable to capitalized assets as of June 30, 2010 was immaterial.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	20-40
Vehicles	5
Office and Computer Equipment	5
Buses	12

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the statement of activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Assets. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

J. Long-term Obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

L. Retirement Plan

Retirement plan contributions are actuarially determined and consist of current services costs and amortization of prior service cost over a 30-year period. The County's policy is to fund pension costs as it accrues.

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Net Assets

Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

O. Component Unit-School Board Capital Asset and Debt Presentation

By law, the School Board does not have taxing authority and, therefore, it cannot incur debt through general obligation bonds to fund the acquisition, construction or improvement of its capital assets. That responsibility lies with the County who issues the debt on behalf of the School Board. However, the Code of Virginia requires the School Board to hold title to the capital assets (buildings and equipment) due to their responsibility for maintaining the asset.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

O. Component Unit-School Board Capital Asset and Debt Presentation: (Continued)

In the Statement of Net Assets, this scenario presents a dilemma for the County. Debt issued on behalf of the School Board is reported as a liability of the primary government, thereby reducing the net assets of the County. The corresponding capital assets are reported as assets of the Component Unit-School Board (title holder), thereby increasing its net assets.

The Virginia General Assembly amended the Code of Virginia to allow a tenancy in common with the School Board whenever the locality incurs a financial obligation which is payable over more than one fiscal year for any school property. The tenancy in common terminates when the associated debt has been paid in full. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of the school property related to any outstanding financial obligation, thus eliminating a potential deficit from financing capital assets with debt.

Note 2—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

All cash of the County and Component Unit School Board is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> or covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments

Statutes authorize the County and Component Unit School Board to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 2—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County does not have a policy related to credit risk of debt securities.

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2010 were rated by Standard & Poor's and the ratings are presented below using Standard & Poor's rating scale.

Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt investments	7 44.445	Fair Quality	y Ratings
Rated Debt Investments		AAA	AA
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	13,536,445 \$	-
Evergreen Instl Treasury Money Market Fund		822,041	-
Money Market Funds	_	1,291,119	-
Total	\$_	15,649,605 \$	
Investment maturities in years:			
		Fair	Less Than
Investment Type		Value	1 Year
Evergreen Instl Treasury Money Market Fund Money Market Funds	\$	822,041 \$ 1,291,119	822,041 1,291,119
Total	\$_	2,113,160 \$	2,113,160

External Investment Pool:

The fair values of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 3—Due from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2010 the County and School Board have receivables from other governments as follows:

				Discretely Presented
		Primary		Component Unit
	_	Government	_	School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Shared expenses	\$	335,786	\$	-
State sales taxes		-		1,133,641
Local sales taxes		1,026,797		-
Communication taxes		359,562		-
Public assistance		213,595		-
Comprehensive services		611,333		-
Miscellaneous		52,595		-
Federal Government:				
School funds		-		1,698,844
Public assistance		281,372		-
Headstart		245,333		-
Airport funds		76,875		-
Miscellaneous	_	91,572	_	-
Total	\$_	3,294,820	\$_	2,832,485

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 4—Interfund Transfers Due From/To Other Funds/Primary Government/Component Units:

Individual fund and interfund receivable and payable balances relating to working capital loans at June 30, 2010 are summarized below:

Fund		Due from Other Funds	. <u>-</u>	Due to Other Funds
General Water and Sewer Authority Airport	\$	3,168,581 - -	\$	- 2,700,000 468,581
Total	\$_	3,168,581	\$_	3,168,581
Fund		Due from Primary Government		Due to Component Unit
General School	\$_	- 4,393,347	\$_	4,393,347
Total	\$_	4,393,347	\$_	4,393,347
Fund	_	Transfers In		Transfers Out
Primary Government:			_	
General Fund Landfill Fund Water & Sewer Fund Airport Fund	\$	288,933 1,143,279 545,861 300,235	\$	1,989,375 - 288,933 -
Total	\$_	2,278,308	\$	2,278,308

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

		Balance			Balance
		July 1, 2009	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2010
Governmental Activities:	-				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	9,272,460 \$	- \$	- \$	9,272,460
Construction in Progress	-	9,276,658	1,294,154	7,164,065	3,406,747
Construction in Progress-jointly					
owned assets		67,015,147	517,472	-	67,532,619
Total capital assets not being	_				
depreciated	\$	85,564,265 \$	1,811,626 \$	7,164,065 \$	80,211,826
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	\$	23,198,274 \$	6,852,338 \$	- \$	30,050,612
Equipment		6,464,609	483,986	67,299	6,881,296
Jointly owned assets		19,364,069	<u>-</u>	2,171,511	17,192,558
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	\$_	49,026,952 \$	7,336,324 \$	2,238,810 \$	54,124,466
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	\$	5,074,982 \$	822,677 \$	- \$	5,897,659
Equipment		4,775,377	467,504	52,935	5,189,946
Jointly owned assets		4,246,423	468,196	664,618	4,050,001
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	14,096,782 \$	1,758,377 \$	717,553 \$	15,137,606
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	\$	34,930,170 \$	5,577,947 \$	1,521,257 \$	38,986,860
	Υ_			.,,,	
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$	120,494,435 \$	7,389,573 \$	8,685,322 \$	119,198,686

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in construction in progress for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

		Balance July 1,			Balance June 30,
	_	2009	Additions	Deletions	2010
Governmental Activities:					
Courthouse/courtyard renovations New High School off-site	\$	462,823 \$	12,817 \$	- \$	475,640
infrastructure		5,723,598	127,834	5,851,432	-
Route 620 Bicycle trail		6,948	, -	-	6,948
Laurel Valley bike trail project		4,605	-	-	4,605
Spillman park		73,314	-	-	73,314
Upgrade Board of Supervisors meeting room		80,388	-	-	80,388
Lenn Brothers property		41,572	7,768	-	49,340
Wachovia Bank renovation		1,503,583	8,967	-	1,512,550
Sheriff workstations		311,727	-	311,727	-
Courthouse renovations		25,509	1,136,768	-	1,162,277
Emergency services building		840,906	-	840,906	-
Water and sewer agreement diamond		160,000	-	160,000	-
Lenn Brothers park		32,522	-	-	32,522
County bicycle route	-	9,163	- -		9,163
Total	\$_	9,276,658 \$	1,294,154 \$	7,164,065 \$	3,406,747

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Enterprise Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in enterprise capital assets during the year:

		Balance July 1, 2009	Additions	_	Deletions	 Balance June 30, 2010
Water and Sewer Fund: Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land Construction in Progress	\$	235,200 \$ 1,380,747	- 5,350	\$	-	\$ 235,200 1,386,097
Total capital assets not being depreciated	- \$_	1,615,947 \$	5,350	- _\$	-	\$ 1,621,297
Capital assets, being depreciated: Sewer Plant Equipment	\$	3,025,848 \$ 156,203	- 178,067	\$	- -	\$ 3,025,848 334,270
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	3,182,051 \$	178,067	\$		\$ 3,360,118
Less accumulated depreciation for: Sewer Plant Equipment	\$	842,948 \$ 55,603	77,027 47,992	\$	- -	\$ 919,975 103,595
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	898,551 \$	125,019	\$	-	\$ 1,023,570
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	2,283,500 \$	53,048	\$	_	\$ 2,336,548
Net capital assets	\$	3,899,447 \$	58,398	\$	-	\$ 3,957,845
Landfill Fund: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$_	401,073 \$	-	\$	-	\$ 401,073
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Equipment	\$_	8,539 \$ 77,099	- 162,533	\$	-	\$ 8,539 239,632
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	85,638 \$	162,533	\$	-	\$ 248,171
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Equipment	\$_	639 \$ 59,982	213 35,910	\$	-	\$ 852 95,892
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	60,621 \$	36,123	\$		\$ 96,744
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	25,017 \$	126,410	\$	-	\$ 151,427
Net capital assets	\$_	426,090 \$	126,410	_		\$ 552,500

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Enterprise Capital A	Assets: ((Continued)
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(,	Balance July 1, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2010
Airport Fund: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	<u> </u>	7 taditions		
Land	\$ 516,929 \$	- \$,
Construction in Progress	1,141,334	249,496	1,025,841	364,989
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 1,658,263 \$	249,496 \$	1,025,841 \$	881,918
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment	\$ 14,701,751 \$ 196,836	1,025,841 \$ -	- Ş	15,727,592 196,836
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 14,898,587 \$	1,025,841 \$		15,924,428
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment	\$ 3,403,604 \$ 114,594	642,840 \$ 17,899	- Ş	4,046,444
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 3,518,198 \$	660,739 \$	- \$	4,178,937
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 11,380,389 \$	365,102 \$		511,745,491_
Net capital assets	\$ 13,038,652 \$	614,598 \$	1,025,841	12,627,409
Water and Sewer Authority: Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land Construction in progress:	\$ 1,092,320 \$	- \$	- 5	1,092,320
Clevenger's Village project	21,177,681	255,739	-	21,433,420
Master plan	304,881	-		304,881
Net capital assets	\$ 22,574,882 \$	255,739 \$		22,830,621

The following is a summary of construction in progress changes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

	J	Balance July 1, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2010
Airport Fund:	_				
Hangar Sewer Line Extension	\$	5,820 \$	- \$	- \$	5,820
Hangar Design		-	49,168	-	49,168
Phase III archeological study		112,586	144,445	257,031	-
Airport Terminal - Construction		731,021	37,789	768,810	-
Airport terminal facility - design	_	291,907	18,094	<u>-</u>	310,001
Total	\$_	1,141,334 \$	249,496 \$	1,025,841 \$	364,989

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in School Board capital assets during the year:

		Balance					Balance
	_	July 1, 2009	Additions	_	Deletions	-	June 30, 2010
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	200,151 \$	-	\$	-	\$	200,151
Land improvements	_	1,755,531	-	_	-	. .	1,755,531
Total capital assets, not							
being depreciated	\$_	1,955,682 \$		\$_	-	\$	1,955,682
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	\$	25,468,910 \$	582,840	\$	-	\$	26,051,750
Equipment		17,075,312	1,069,324		-		18,144,636
Jointly owned assets	_	16,168,952	2,171,511	_	-		18,340,463
Total capital assets being							
depreciated	\$_	58,713,174 \$	3,823,675	\$_	-	\$	62,536,849
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	\$	15,382,832 \$	934,487	\$	-	\$	16,317,319
Equipment		11,412,075	1,384,323		-		12,796,398
Jointly owned assets	_	3,365,829	664,618	_	-		4,030,447
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	30,160,736 \$	2,983,428	\$_	-	\$	33,144,164
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	\$_	28,552,438 \$	840,247	\$_	-	\$	29,392,685
School Board capital assets, net	\$_	30,508,120 \$	840,247	\$_	-	\$	31,348,367

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government and Component Unit School Board as follows:

Governmental activities:			
General government administration	\$	55,920	
Judicial administration		5,006	
Public safety		416,940	
Public works		492,595	
Health and welfare		13,888	
Education		614,482	
Parks, recreation and cultural		154,296	
Community development	_	5,250	
Total governmental activities	\$ _	1,758,377	
Enterprise Funds:			
Landfill	\$	36,123	
Water & sewer		125,019	
Airport		660,739	
Total enterprise funds	\$_	821,881	
Component Unit-School Board	\$_	2,318,810 (1)
1) Depreciation Expense	\$	2,318,810	
Joint tenancy transfer of accumulated depreciation	_	664,618	
Total additions to accumulated depreciation, previous page	\$_	2,983,428	

Note 6—Deferred Revenue:

(1

Deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Deferred revenue totaling \$3,480,926 is comprised of the following:

A. <u>Deferred Property Tax Revenue</u>

Deferred revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$3,314,388 at June 30, 2010.

B. Prepaid Property Taxes

Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2010 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$166,538 at June 30, 2010.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

	_	Amounts Payable at July 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Amounts Payable at June 30, 2010	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Funds:						
School lease revenue bonds Premium on school bonds Total school lease revenue	\$	52,955,000 \$ 861,228	- \$ 	1,285,000 \$ 35,884	51,670,000 \$ 825,344	1,330,000 35,884
bonds	\$_	53,816,228 \$	\$	1,320,884 \$	52,495,344 \$	1,365,884
School general obligation bonds Less deferred amount on refunding Total school general obligation	\$	19,752,998 \$ (388,929)	- \$ -	2,215,845 \$ (44,334)	17,537,153 \$ (344,595)	1,692,635 (43,824)
bonds	\$	19,364,069 \$	- \$	2,171,511 \$	17,192,558 \$	1,648,811
Compensated absences payable Other post employement benefits Revenue note Literary fund loans General obligation bonds		1,927,088 10,000 7,500,000 7,500,000 2,918,998	224,531 57,000 - 7,500,000	192,709 53,000 7,500,000 375,000 144,438	1,958,910 14,000 - 14,625,000 2,774,560	195,891 - - 750,000 150,034
Lease revenue bonds Premium on lease revenue bonds	\$	7,145,882 \$	3,925,000 \$ 142,513	349,548 \$	10,721,334 \$ 142,513	
Total lease revenue bonds	\$_	7,145,882 \$	4,067,513 \$	349,548 \$	10,863,847 \$	499,619
Total Governmental Funds	\$_	100,182,265 \$	11,849,044 \$	12,107,090 \$	99,924,219 \$	4,610,239
Enterprise Funds:						
Compensated absences payable Lease revenue bonds Notes Payable Landfill closure and postclosure cost	\$ ts _	55,528 \$ 1,376,837 30,000 817,485	26,678 \$ - - -	5,553 \$ 200,341 30,000 35,540	76,653 \$ 1,176,496 - 781,945	7,665 211,180 - 35,540
Total Enterprise Funds	\$_	2,279,850 \$	26,678 \$	271,434 \$	2,035,094 \$	254,385
Total Primary Government	\$_	102,462,115 \$	<u>11,875,722</u> \$	12,378,524 \$	101,959,313 \$	4,864,624

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		Lease Reven	ue Bonds	School L Revenue		School Ge Obligation	
June 30,	-	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
				 -		 -	-
2011	\$	492,493 \$	442,429 \$	1,330,000 \$	2,329,519 \$	1,692,635 \$	793,984
2012		510,919	424,363	1,380,000	2,279,644	1,649,928	706,959
2013		529,842	404,268	1,435,000	2,227,894	1,550,230	626,808
2014		549,280	384,226	1,490,000	2,170,494	1,587,700	546,651
2015		574,253	363,291	1,550,000	2,110,894	1,625,716	464,061
2016		594,781	340,941	1,615,000	2,048,894	1,653,310	387,295
2017		615,884	317,535	1,695,000	1,968,144	1,686,512	309,342
2018		642,583	292,623	1,780,000	1,883,394	1,287,352	241,741
2019		669,901	267,506	1,870,000	1,794,394	1,318,862	184,385
2020		692,860	241,137	1,960,000	1,700,894	1,355,082	125,669
2021		721,485	212,749	2,060,000	1,602,894	1,387,506	72,947
2022		745,799	182,961	2,160,000	1,499,894	742,320	18,929
2023		775,827	152,070	2,270,000	1,391,894	-	-
2024		801,599	120,048	2,365,000	1,298,256	-	-
2025		528,828	86,869	2,460,000	1,200,700	-	-
2026		235,000	68,489	2,585,000	1,077,700	-	-
2027		245,000	54,292	2,715,000	948,450	-	-
2028		255,000	39,497	2,830,000	833,063	-	-
2029		265,000	24,112	2,950,000	712,787	-	-
2030		275,000	8,137	3,080,000	580,038	-	-
2031		-	-	3,220,000	441,437	-	-
2032		-	-	3,360,000	300,563	-	-
2033	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,510,000	153,562	<u> </u>	
Total	\$	10,721,334 \$	4,427,543 \$	51,670,000 \$	32,555,403 \$	17,537,153 \$	4,478,771

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest: (Continued)

Year Ending		Gener Obligation		Literary Fund Loan				
June 30,		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
			_					
2011	\$	150,034 \$	104,990 \$	750,000 \$	513,750			
2012		155,846	99,178	750,000	487,500			
2013		161,882	93,141	750,000	461,250			
2014		168,154	86,870	750,000	435,000			
2015		174,667	80,356	750,000	408,750			
2016		181,434	73,590	750,000	382,500			
2017		188,462	66,561	750,000	356,250			
2018		195,764	59,260	750,000	330,000			
2019		203,348	51,676	750,000	303,750			
2020		211,226	43,798	750,000	277,500			
2021		219,410	35,615	750,000	251,250			
2022		227,910	27,114	750,000	225,000			
2023		236,740	18,284	750,000	198,750			
2024		245,914	9,111	750,000	172,500			
2025		53,769	1,006	750,000	146,250			
2026		-	-	750,000	120,000			
2027		-	-	750,000	93,750			
2028		-	-	750,000	67,500			
2029		-	-	750,000	41,250			
2030		-	-	375,000	15,000			
2031		-	-	-	-			
2032		-	-	-	-			
2033		-	-	-	-			
Total	\$ <u></u>	2,774,560 \$	850,550 \$	14,625,000 \$	5,287,500			

Debt service requirements for general obligation bonds and other long-term obligations are met by the General Fund. The County retains the liability for the portion of general obligation bonds issued to fund capital projects of the School Board.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Enterprise:

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bonds							
June 30,	 Principal		Interest					
2011	\$ 211,180	\$	57,961					
2012	222,604		46,202					
2013	234,647		33,833					
2014	247,342		20,796					
2015	260,723		7,053					
Total	\$ 1,176,496	\$	165,845					

Details of Long-Term Obligations:

		Amount Outstanding		Due Within One Year
General Fund:				
Lease Revenue Bonds: \$8,385,000 IDA Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2004 issued November 29, 2004 maturing semi-annually through July 15, 2024, interest payable semi-annually at 3.67%	\$	6,796,334	\$	362,493
\$3,925,000 VRA Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2009 issued November 1, 2009 maturing semi-annually through October 1, 2029, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.97% to 5.70%		3,925,000		130,000
Premium on bonds	_	142,513	_	7,126
Total County lease revenue bonds	\$_	10,863,847	\$_	499,619

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)				
Details of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)		Amount Outstanding		Due Within One Year
General Fund: (Continued)	-			
County General Obligation Bonds: \$2,000,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2003 issued December 19, 2003 maturing semi-annually through January 15, 2024, interest payable semi-annually at 3.91%	\$	1,556,991	\$	85,422
\$1,500,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 2004 issued November 29, 2004 maturing semi-annually through July 15, 2024, interest payable semi-annually at 3.74%		1,217,569		64,612
	- \$	2,774,560		150,034
Total County general obligation bonds	ې -	2,774,300	- ^ې -	150,034
School Lease Revenue Bonds: \$54,200,000 Public Facility Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, issued September 28, 2005 payable in various annual installments through January 1, 2033, interest at 4.35%	\$	51,670,000	\$	1,330,000
Premium on bonds		825,344		35,884
Total school lease revenue bonds	\$	52,495,344		1,365,884
School General Obligation Bonds:			_	
\$13,025,026 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds Series 2001B, issued November 15, 2001, maturing annually through July 15, 2021, interest payable semi-annually at 4.57%	\$	8,192,532	\$	626,344
\$1,500,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds 1991A, issued May 1, 1991, maturing annually through December 15, 2010, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 6.1% to 8.1%		80,000		80,000
\$2,069,507 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds 1991B, issued July 1, 1991, maturing annually through July 15, 2011, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4.85% to 6.60%		243,621		120,291
\$2,675,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds 1996A, issued May 1, 1996, maturing annually through January 15, 2017, interest payable semi-annually at rates ranging from 4.6% to 6.1%		945,000		135,000

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations:	(Continued)
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Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

betails of Long-Term Obligations. (Continued)			
General Fund: (Continued)	_	Amount Outstanding	Due Within One Year
School General Obligation Bonds: (Continued)			
\$6,000,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds 1996B, issued November 14, 1996, maturing annually through July 15, 2016, interest payable semi-annually at rates ranging from 5.1% to 5.255%	\$	2,100,000 \$	300,000
\$8,325,000 Series 2000, issued August 10, 2000, maturing annually in various annual installments through January 15, 2014, interest payable semi-annually at 5.33%		1,650,000	380,000
\$4,613,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2003 dated August 6, 2003, principal payable annually in various incremental amounts through January 15, 2021, interest payable semi-annually at 7.35%		4,326,000	51,000
Less deferred amount on refunding bonds	_	(344,595)	(43,824)
Total school general obligation bonds	\$_	17,192,558 \$	1,648,811
Literary Fund Loans:			
\$7,500,000 literary fund loan, issued January 15, 2009, principal payable annually in various incremental amounts through January 15, 2029, interest payable annually at 3.00%	\$	7,125,000 \$	375,000
\$7,500,000 literary fund loan, issued August 1, 2009, principal payable annually in various incremental amounts through August 1, 2029, interest payable annually at 4.00%	_	7,500,000	375,000
Total literary fund loans	\$_	14,625,000 \$	750,000
Compensated absences	\$_	1,958,910 \$	195,891
Other post employement benefits	\$_	14,000 \$	-
Total literary fund loans	\$_	99,924,219 \$	4,610,239

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

		Amount Outstanding		Due Within One Year
Enterprise Funds:	_		_	
Airport Revenue Bond:				
\$2,835,000 revenue bonds series 1999 issued December 15, 1999, payable in annual principal installments ranging from \$131,436 to \$260,723 through July 15, 2014, interest payable semi-annually at 5.41%	\$	1,176,496	\$	211,180
	Ţ	, ,	7	,
Compensated absences		76,653		7,665
Landfill closure and postclosure costs	_	781,945		35,540
Total enterprise obligations	\$_	2,035,094	\$_	254,385
Total Primary Government	\$_	101,959,313	\$_	4,864,624

Component Unit School Board:

The following is summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

	Amounts Payable July 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Amounts Payable June 30, 2010	Amounts Due Within One Year
Compensated absences payable Other post employement benefits Capital lease	\$ 956,990 \$ 157,000 1,444,001	98,083 \$ 133,000 	95,699 \$ 81,000 733,908	959,374 \$ 209,000 710,093	95,699 - 434,761
Total	\$ 2,557,991 \$	231,083 \$	910,607 \$	1,878,467 \$	530,460

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Capital Lease		
June 30,	 Principal		Interest
2011	\$ 434,761	\$	22,258
2012	264,116		8,878
2013	11,216		58
Total	\$ 710,093	\$	31,194

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 7—	Long-Term	Obligations:	(Continued)
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Component	Unit	School	Board	(Continued)
Component	UIIIL	201100	i board:	(Continued)

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

Amount	
Outstandin	18

Capital Leases:

The School Board has entered into various lease obligations for financing the acquisition of buses. These buses were acquired with lease financing in the amount of \$2,840,696 and a total cost of \$2,840,696. Accumulated depreciation of these buses as of June 30, 2010 was \$1,032,564. Annual requirements to amortize School Board long-term obligations are disclosed above.

Board long-term obligations are disclosed above.		
\$771,772 capital lease for school buses payable in monthly installments of \$13,976 through October 1, 2010, interest payable at 3.41%.	\$	55,508
\$627,209 capital lease for school buses payable in monthly installments of \$11,647 through July 17, 2011, interest payable at 4.34%.		147,652
\$305,029 capital lease for school buses payable in monthly installments of \$5,637 through September 1, 2012, interest payable at 4.14%.		139,947
\$1,377,368 capital lease for school buses payable in annual installments of \$193,704 through August 17, 2012, interest payable at 3.62%.		366,986
Total Capital Leases	\$_	710,093
Compensated absences	\$	959,374
Other post employement benefits	\$	209,000
Total long-term obligations	\$	1,878,467

Note 8—Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

The County owns a landfill site and began collecting tipping fees based upon the source of the waste as of July 1, 1994. The County maintains a contract with an independent contractor for operations of the landfill; however, the County is responsible for landfill closure and postclosure costs.

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$781,945 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2010, represents the cumulative amount reported based on the use of 100% percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The County has closed the landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2010. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County intends to fund these costs from tipping fee revenues and from any funds accumulated for this purpose in the County Landfill Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 8—Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost: (Continued)

The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, postclosure care and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 9—Commitments and Contingencies:

Federal programs in which the County and its Component Units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 10-Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating employers must participate in the VRS. Benefits vest after five years of service. Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with 5 years of service (age 60 for participating local law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service if elected by the employer (age 50 with at least 25 years of service for participating local law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1.70% of their average final compensation (AFC) for each year of credited service (1.85% for sheriffs and if the employer elects, for other employees in hazardous duty positions receiving enhanced benefits). Benefits are actuarially reduced for retirees who retire prior to becoming eligible for full retirement benefits. In addition, retirees qualify for annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) beginning in their second year of retirement. The COLA is limited to 5.00% per year. AFC is defined as the highest consecutive 36 months of reported compensation. Participating local law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs may receive a monthly benefit supplement if they retire prior to age 65. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of that report may be downloaded from their website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2009-Annual-Report.pdf or obtained by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 10-Defined Benefit Pension Plan: (Continued)

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their annual salary to the VRS. This 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the County and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund their participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's and School Board's non-professional employee contribution rates for the fiscal year ended 2010 were 8.07% and 7.57% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The School Board's contribution for professional employees were \$2,492,414, \$3,306,058, and \$3,717,654, to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively and these contributions represented 8.81%, for July 2009 through March 2010 and (0.00%) for April through June 2010, 8.81% and 10.30%, respectively, of current covered payroll.

C. Annual Pension Cost:

For fiscal year 2010, the County's annual pension cost of \$1,147,658 (does not include the employee share assumed by the County which was \$711,065) was equal to the County's required and actual contributions.

For fiscal year 2010, the County School Board's annual pension cost for the Board's non-professional employees was \$315,579 (does not include the employee share assumed by the Board which was \$208,440) which was equal to the Board's required and actual contributions.

Three-Year Trend Information for the County and School Board:

Fiscal Year Ending	 Annual Pension Cost (APC) (1)	Percentage of APC Contributed	 Net Pension Obligation
County: June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009 June 30, 2008	\$ 1,147,658 1,200,273 938,868	100% 100% 100%	\$ - - -
School Board: Non-professional: June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009 June 30, 2008	\$ 315,579 318,569 260,385	100% 100% 100%	\$ - - -

(1) Employer portion only

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 10—Defined Benefit Pension Plan: (Continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost: (Continued)

The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2007 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2007 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.50%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's and the County School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2007 was 20 years.

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 86.61% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$36,171,711, and the actuarial value of assets was \$31,327,190, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,844,521. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$14,618,582, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 33.14%.

As of June 30, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County School Board's plan was 96.54% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$8,597,057, and the actuarial value of assets was \$8,299,898, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$297,159. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,294,141, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 6.92%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

Note 11—Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 11—Risk Management: (Continued)

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Note 12-Litigation:

At June 30, 2010, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Note 13—Surety Bonds:

	 Amount
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety	
Janice Corbin, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 25,000
David L. DeJarnette, Treasurer	400,000
Terry Yowell, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
James Branch, Sheriff	30,000
Above constitutional officers' employees - blanket bond	50,000
Aetna Casualty and Surety Company - Surety	
Calvin Coleman, Director of the Department of Social Services	100,000
William C. Chase, Jr., Supervisor	1,000
Steven L. Walker, Supervisor	1,000
Steven E. Nixon, Supervisor	1,000
Thomas S. Underwood, Supervisor	1,000
Sue D. Hansohn, Supervisor	1,000
Bradley C. Rosenberger, Supervisor	1,000
Larry W. Aylor, Supervisor	1,000

Note 14—Construction Commitments:

At June 30, 2010, the following major projects were under construction:

			Expenditures		
Project		Contract Amount	as of June 30, 2010	Contract Balance	
Primary Government: Courthouse renovations	\$_	1,176,388 \$	914,927 \$	261,461	
Total	\$_	1,176,388 \$	914,927 \$	261,461	

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 15—Other Post-Employment Benefits Program:

County:

A. <u>Plan Description:</u>

The County post-retirement health care plan is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan that offers insurance benefits for employees who are eligible for retirement benefits. All full-time employees who retire with 30 years of service, or at age 62 with 5 years of service are eligible. Employees with disabilities must meet service retirement eligibility to be eligible. Pre-Medicare retirees may continue to remain in the Key Care 100 Plan, which includes prescription drugs. Once the participant is Medicare eligible they are no longer eligible to remain in the plan. The County's post-retirement health care Plan does not issue a separate, audited GAAP basis report.

B. Funding Policy:

The County establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. For participating retirees, the retirees pay 100% of the published rates for individual and dependant coverage until age 65. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 58,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(1,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ 57,000
Contribution made	 53,000
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 4,000
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	10,000
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ 14,000

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 15—Other Post-Employment Benefits Program: (Continued)

County: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 and the preceding year are as follows:

		Appual	Net OPEB	
Fiscal	Annual scal OPEB			
Year Ended		Cost	Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2010	\$	57,000	93% \$	14,000
June 30, 2009		56,000	82 %	10,000

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of March 29, 2010 is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,386,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,386,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	N/A
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 15—Other Post-Employment Benefits Program: (Continued)

County: (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: (Continued)

Cost Method

The projected unit credit (PUC) cost method was used for this valuation. The objective of this method is to fund each participant's benefits under the plan as they would accrue. Under this method the total value of the benefit to which each participant is expected to become entitled is broken down into units, each associated with a year of past or future credited service.

Interest Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.5 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.5 percent after eighty years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at March 29, 2010, was thirty years.

	Unfunded
Discount rate	4.0%
Payroll growth	3.5%

School Board:

A. Plan Description:

The School Board Extended Service Program is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan that offers health insurance for retirees. Employees who receive an unreduced retirement benefit from VRS, has reached Level M (or equivalent years) or the top of the administrative schedule, is a full time, salaried employee of the school division at the time of applying for the program, and is not eligible for disability retirement benefits under VRS are eligible for the program. The School Board Extended Service Program does not issue a separate GAAP basis report.

B. Funding Policy:

The School Board establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process. The school board also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. For participating retirees the School Board pays \$256 per month towards the monthly premium and the retiree contributes remaining funds towards the monthly premium. Coverage ceases after seven years and there is no benefit provided after age 65. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 15—Other Post-Employment Benefits Program: (Continued)

School Board: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	136,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		6,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	(9,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	133,000
Contribution made	_	81,000
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$	52,000
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	_	157,000
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$	209,000

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 and the preceding year are as follows:

	Percentage			
	Annual	of Annual	Net	
Fiscal	OPEB	OPEB Cost	OPEB	
Year Ended	Cost	Contributed	Obligation	
June 30, 2010	\$ 133,000	61% \$	209,000	
June 30, 2009	287,000	45%	157,000	

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress:

The funded status of the plan as of March, 29, 2010 is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 2,356,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	2,356,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	N/A
UAAl as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 15-Other Post-Employment Benefits Program: (Continued)

School Board: (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Cost Method

The projected unit credit (PUC) cost method was used for this valuation. The objective of this method is to fund each participant's benefits under the plan as they would accrue. Under this method the total value of the benefit to which each participant is expected to become entitled is broken down into units, each associated with a year of past or future credited service.

Interest Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.5 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.5 percent after eighty years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at March, 29, 2010, was thirty years.

	Unfunded
Discount rate	4.0%
Payroll growth	3.5%

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 16-VRS Health Insurance Credit-Other Post-Employment Benefits Program:

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the School Board, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 10.

B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the School Board is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2010 was .52% of annual covered payroll.

C. OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The School Board is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2010, the School Board's contribution of \$21,678 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 and the preceding year are as follows:

_	Fiscal Year Ending	 Annual OPEB Cost (ARC)	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
	June 30, 2010	\$ 21,678	100% \$		-
	June 30, 2009	21,883	100%		-

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 16—VRS Health Insurance Credit-Other Post-Employment Benefits Program: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 172,050
Actuarial value of plan assets	101,067
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	70,983
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	58.74%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	4,294,141
UAAl as a percentage of covered payroll	1.65%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.5% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.5%, and a payroll growth rate of 3%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2009 was 27 years.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Note 16—VRS Health Insurance Credit-Other Post-Employment Benefits Program: (Continued)

F. Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.04% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$294,224, \$405,283, and \$418,687, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances --Budget and Actual -- General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		4E 4E4 02E	ć	45 454 025	,	4F 440 700 6		(44,022)
General property taxes	\$	45,451,825	\$	45,451,825	\$	45,440,793 \$	•	(11,032)
Other local taxes		9,535,107		9,535,107		8,791,222		(743,885)
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory		F24 7F2		F2 (7F2		E(2,400		27, 120
licenses		526,750		526,750		563,189		36,439
Fines and forfeitures		60,000		60,000		77,962		17,962
Revenue from use of money and property		762,874		762,874		431,455		(331,419)
Charges for services		2,412,674		2,551,484		2,369,853		(181,631)
Miscellaneous		173,000		212,174		258,145		45,971
Recovered costs		352,996		352,996		258,658		(94,338)
Intergovernmental:						4 201 244		4 201 244
School Board Contribution to Primary Government Commonwealth		14,237,173		15,136,526		4,391,244 12,632,122		4,391,244 (2,504,404)
Federal								2,021,604
rederat	_	2,678,630	-	3,066,113	-	5,087,717	_	2,021,004
Total revenues	\$_	76,191,029	\$	77,655,849	\$_	80,302,360	<u> </u>	2,646,511
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$_	266,522	\$_	273,228	\$_	219,582 \$	· —	53,646
General and financial administration:								
County administration	\$	326,234	\$	326,234	\$	314,105 \$	5	12,129
County attorney		248,614		248,614		212,679		35,935
Human resources		161,848		261,102		166,205		94,897
Procurement		212,455		226,715		214,604		12,111
Auditor		56,000		56,000		48,500		7,500
Commissioner of the Revenue		555,102		555,972		498,999		56,973
Reassessment		459,267		460,883		382,704		78,179
Board of equalization		15,019		15,019		1,893		13,126
Treasurer		468,696		468,696		431,951		36,745
Department of finance and budget		407,140		407,140		391,876		15,264
Information systems		397,653		397,653		362,553		35,100
Records management		173,273		173,877		160,011		13,866
Risk management		119,279		127,701		112,154		15,547
Other general and financial administration	_	17,000	-	17,000	_	2,564		14,436
Total general and financial administration	\$_	3,617,580	\$_	3,742,606	\$_	3,300,798	S_	441,808
Board of Elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	62,360	Ś	78,109	Ś	36,413 \$	5	41,696
Registrar	*	133,993	T	118,244	7	108,973		9,271
	_	,	-	,	_		_	- , •
Total board of elections	\$_	196,353	\$_	196,353	\$_	145,386 \$	S_	50,967
Total general government administration	\$_	4,080,455	\$_	4,212,187	\$_	3,665,766	<u> </u>	546,421

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances --Budget and Actual -- General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Expenditures: (continued) Judicial administration: Section			Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Courts: Circult court Cierk of the circuit court S78,813 619,492 570,338 49,154 Victim assistance program 108,026 108,026 101,246 6,780 Sheriff 630,906 607,935 537,996 70,239 Other courts S1,466,021 Total courts S1,466,021 S1,466,031 S1,466,0	Expenditures: (continued)	_		_				(*** 5 *** * * * /
Circuit court \$ 81,026 \$ 81,026 \$ 67,750 \$ 13,276 Clerk of the circuit court 578,813 619,492 570,338 49,154 Victim assistance program 108,026 630,906 607,935 537,696 70,239 Sheriff 630,906 607,935 537,696 70,239 Other courts 67,250 74,163 56,741 17,422 Total courts \$ 1,466,021 \$ 1,490,642 \$ 1,333,771 \$ 156,871 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 707,323 \$ 720,923 \$ 720,906 \$ 17 Criminal justice services 387,341 387,341 380,286 7,055 Total commonwealth attorney \$ 1,094,664 \$ 1,108,264 \$ 1,101,192 \$ 7,072 Total judicial administration \$ 2,560,685 \$ 2,598,906 \$ 2,434,963 \$ 163,943 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 4,536,252 \$ 4,710,596 \$ 4,224,609 \$ 485,987 Cheriff \$ 4,536,252 \$ 4,710,596 \$ 4,224,609 \$ 485,987 Other law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,921 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 Sheriff \$ 9,78								
Clerk of the circuit court								
Victim assistance program 108,026 108,026 101,246 6,780 Sheriff 630,906 607,935 537,696 70,239 Cher courts 67,250 74,163 56,741 17,422 Total courts \$ 1,466,021 \$ 1,490,642 \$ 1,333,771 \$ 156,871 Commonwealth's attorney:		\$	·	5	· ·	5	·	·
Sheriff Other courts 630,906 67,250 74,163 56,741 74,22 70,239 74,163 56,741 74,22 70,239 74,163 56,741 74,22 71,422 Total courts \$ 1,466,021 \$ 1,490,642 \$ 1,333,771 \$ 156,871 \$ 156,871 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 707,323 \$ 720,923 \$ 720,906 \$ 17 Criminal justice services 387,341 380,286 7,055 Total commonwealth attorney \$ 1,094,664 \$ 1,108,264 \$ 1,101,192 \$ 7,072 Total judicial administration \$ 2,560,685 \$ 2,598,906 \$ 2,434,963 \$ 163,943 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff Sheriff Other law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 4,536,252 \$ 4,710,596 \$ 4,224,609 \$ 485,987 \$ 485,987 Other law enforcement and traffic control: 146,568 247,761 178,484 69,277 178,484 69,277 \$ 1,586,191 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 \$ 713,883 Correction and detention: \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 1,423,00			•				•	•
Other courts 67,250 74,163 56,741 17,422 Total courts \$ 1,466,021 \$ 1,490,642 \$ 1,333,771 \$ 156,871 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 707,323 \$ 720,923 \$ 720,906 \$ 17 Criminal justice services 387,341 387,341 380,286 7,055 Total commonwealth attorney \$ 1,094,664 \$ 1,108,264 \$ 1,101,192 \$ 7,072 Total judicial administration \$ 2,560,685 \$ 2,598,906 \$ 2,434,963 \$ 163,943 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 4,536,252 \$ 4,710,596 \$ 4,224,609 \$ 485,987 Other law enforcement and traffic control: 146,568 247,761 178,484 69,277 E-911 1,646,601 1,683,880 1,525,261 158,619 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 EMS conucil 9,786 9,786					· ·		•	·
Total courts \$ 1,466,021 \$ 1,490,642 \$ 1,333,771 \$ 156,871 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 707,323 \$ 720,923 \$ 720,906 \$ 17 Criminal justice services \$ 387,341 \$ 387,341 \$ 380,286 \$ 7,055 Total commonwealth attorney \$ 1,094,664 \$ 1,108,264 \$ 1,101,192 \$ 7,072 Total judicial administration \$ 2,560,685 \$ 2,598,906 \$ 2,434,963 \$ 163,943 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 4,536,252 \$ 4,710,596 \$ 4,224,609 \$ 485,987 Other law enforcement and traffic control 146,568 247,761 178,484 69,277 E-911 1,646,601 1,683,880 1,525,261 158,619 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue services: Sheriff 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 EMS council 9,786 9,786 9,786 State forest fire extinction 9,506 9,939 9,939 Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,328,579 \$ 1,369,946 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 3,787 Correction and detention: Sheriff \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 6 643,278 Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241			,				•	
Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney \$ 707,323 \$ 720,923 \$ 720,906 \$ 17 \$ 17 Criminal justice services 387,341 387,341 380,286 7,055 7,055 Total commonwealth attorney \$ 1,094,664 \$ 1,108,264 \$ 1,101,192 \$ 7,072 Total judicial administration \$ 2,560,685 \$ 2,598,906 \$ 2,434,963 \$ 163,943 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 4,536,252 \$ 4,710,596 \$ 4,224,609 \$ 485,987 Other law enforcement and traffic control 146,568 247,761 178,484 69,277 E-911 1,646,601 1,683,880 1,525,261 158,619 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 EMS council 9,786 9	Other courts	_	67,250	_	/4,163		56,/41	17,422
Commonwealth's attorney Criminal justice services \$ 707,323 \$ 720,923 \$ 720,906 \$ 17 7,055 Total commonwealth attorney \$ 1,094,664 \$ 1,108,264 \$ 1,101,192 \$ 7,072 Total judicial administration \$ 2,560,685 \$ 2,598,906 \$ 2,434,963 \$ 163,943 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 4,536,252 \$ 4,710,596 \$ 4,224,609 \$ 485,987 Other law enforcement and traffic control 146,568 247,761 178,484 69,277 E-911 1,646,601 1,683,880 1,525,261 158,619 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 EMS council 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 \$. State forest fire extinction 9,506 9,939 9,939 9,939 \$. Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,328,579 \$ 1,369,946 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 3,787 Correction and detention: \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 643,278 . Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241	Total courts	\$_	1,466,021	<u> </u>	1,490,642	<u> </u>	1,333,771 \$	156,871
Criminal justice services 387,341 387,341 380,286 7,055 Total commonwealth attorney \$ 1,094,664 \$ 1,108,264 \$ 1,101,192 \$ 7,072 Total judicial administration \$ 2,560,685 \$ 2,598,906 \$ 2,434,963 \$ 163,943 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 4,536,252 \$ 4,710,596 \$ 4,224,609 \$ 485,987 Other law enforcement and traffic control 146,568 247,761 178,484 69,277 E-911 1,646,601 1,683,880 1,525,261 158,619 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 EMS council 9,786	Commonwealth's attorney:							
Total commonwealth attorney \$ 1,094,664 \$ 1,108,264 \$ 1,101,192 \$ 7,072 Total judicial administration \$ 2,560,685 \$ 2,598,906 \$ 2,434,963 \$ 163,943 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 4,536,252 \$ 4,710,596 \$ 4,224,609 \$ 485,987 Other law enforcement and traffic control 146,568 247,761 178,484 69,277 E-911 1,646,601 1,683,880 1,525,261 158,619 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue services: 1 309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 State forest fire extinction 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,328,579 \$ 1,369,946 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 3,787 Correction and detention: Sheriff \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 - Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241	Commonwealth's attorney	\$	707,323	5	720,923	5	720,906 \$	17
Total judicial administration \$ 2,560,685 \$ 2,598,906 \$ 2,434,963 \$ 163,943 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 4,536,252 \$ 4,710,596 \$ 4,224,609 \$ 485,987 Other law enforcement and traffic control 146,568 247,761 178,484 69,277 E-911 1,646,601 1,683,880 1,525,261 158,619 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 EMS council 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 - 9,786 9,786 - 9,786 - 9,786 - 9,786 9,786 - 9,786 9,939 9,939 -	Criminal justice services	_	387,341	_	387,341		380,286	7,055
Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 4,536,252 \$ 4,710,596 \$ 4,224,609 \$ 485,987 Other law enforcement and traffic control 146,568 247,761 178,484 69,277 E-911 1,646,601 1,683,880 1,525,261 158,619 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 EMS council 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 - 5 State forest fire extinction 9,506 9,939 9,939 9 - 5 Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,328,579 \$ 1,369,946 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 3,787 Correction and detention: \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 - 5 Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241 Inspections:	Total commonwealth attorney	\$_	1,094,664	<u> </u>	1,108,264	<u> </u>	1,101,192 \$	7,072
Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff S	Total judicial administration	\$_	2,560,685	S_	2,598,906	<u> </u>	2,434,963 \$	163,943
Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff S	Public safety:							
Sheriff Other law enforcement and traffic control CE-911 \$ 4,536,252 146,568 247,761 178,484 69,277 1,646,601 1,683,880 1,525,261 158,619 \$ 485,987 1,646,601 178,484 69,277 1,646,601 1,683,880 1,525,261 158,619 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 \$ 1,366 \$ 9,786 \$ 9,786 \$ 9,786 \$ 9,786 \$ 9,786 \$ 9,786 \$ 9,786 \$ 9,786 \$ 9,786 \$ 9,786 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 3,787 \$ 1,369,946 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 1,								
Other law enforcement and traffic control 146,568 247,761 178,484 69,277 E-911 1,646,601 1,683,880 1,525,261 158,619 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 EMS councit 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 - State forest fire extinction 9,506 9,939 9,939 - Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,328,579 \$ 1,369,946 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 3,787 Correction and detention: Sheriff \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 - Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241		Ś	4.536.252	5	4.710.596	5	4,224,609 S	485,987
E-911 1,646,601 1,683,880 1,525,261 158,619 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 6,329,421 \$ 6,642,237 \$ 5,928,354 \$ 713,883 Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue services: \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 EMS council 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 - State forest fire extinction 9,506 9,939 9,939 - Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,328,579 \$ 1,369,946 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 3,787 Correction and detention: Sheriff \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 - Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241 Inspections:	Other law enforcement and traffic control	•				•		·
Fire and rescue services: Fire and rescue \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 EMS council \$ 9,786 \$ 9,786 \$ 9,786 \$ 9,786 \$. State forest fire extinction \$ 9,506 \$ 9,939 \$ 9,939 \$. Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,328,579 \$ 1,369,946 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 3,787 Correction and detention: Sheriff \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services \$ 350,000 \$ 283,266 \$ 151,325 \$ 131,941 Probation office \$ 476,100 \$ 643,278 \$ 643,278 \$. Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241 Inspections:	E-911	_	•				·	
Fire and rescue \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 EMS council 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 - State forest fire extinction 9,506 9,939 9,939 - Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,328,579 \$ 1,369,946 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 3,787 Correction and detention: Sheriff \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 643,278 - Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241 Inspections:	Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$_	6,329,421	S	6,642,237	<u> </u>	5,928,354 \$	713,883
Fire and rescue \$ 1,309,287 \$ 1,350,221 \$ 1,346,434 \$ 3,787 EMS council 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 - State forest fire extinction 9,506 9,939 9,939 - Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,328,579 \$ 1,369,946 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 3,787 Correction and detention: Sheriff \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 643,278 - Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241 Inspections:	Fire and rescue services:							
EMS council 9,786 9,786 9,786 9,786 - State forest fire extinction 9,506 9,939 9,939 - Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,328,579 \$ 1,369,946 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 3,787 Correction and detention: Sheriff \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 - Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241 Inspections:	Fire and rescue	\$	1,309,287	5	1,350,221	5	1,346,434 \$	3,787
State forest fire extinction 9,506 9,939 9,939 - Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,328,579 \$ 1,369,946 \$ 1,366,159 \$ 3,787 Correction and detention: Sheriff \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 - Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241 Inspections:	EMS council	,						-
Correction and detention: Sheriff \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services \$ 350,000 \$ 283,266 \$ 151,325 \$ 131,941 Probation office \$ 476,100 \$ 643,278 \$ 643,278 \$ - Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241 Inspections:	State forest fire extinction		9,506	_			•	<u>-</u>
Sheriff \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 643,278 Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241 Inspections:	Total fire and rescue services	\$_	1,328,579	<u> </u>	1,369,946	<u> </u>	1,366,159 \$	3,787
Sheriff \$ 2,539,414 \$ 2,641,448 \$ 2,499,148 \$ 142,300 Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 643,278 Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241 Inspections:	Correction and detention:							
Outside jail services 350,000 283,266 151,325 131,941 Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 - Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241 Inspections:		S	2.539.414	5	2 641 448	;	2.499.148 \$	142,300
Probation office 476,100 643,278 643,278 - Total correction and detention \$ 3,365,514 \$ 3,567,992 \$ 3,293,751 \$ 274,241 Inspections:		7						
Inspections:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		· ·		·	-
·	Total correction and detention	\$_	3,365,514	S	3,567,992	S	3,293,751 \$	274,241
·	Inspections:							
	•	\$_	806,581	<u> </u>	876,629	S	836,380 \$	40,249

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances --Budget and Actual -- General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

	_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: (continued)							
Public safety: (continued) Other protection:							
Animal control	\$	638,325	5	749,292	ς	655,706 \$	93,586
Medical examiner	Ψ.	700	~	700	7	340	360
Emergency services	_	1,709,729		1,840,442	_	1,603,858	236,584
Total other protection	\$_	2,348,754	\$	2,590,434	\$_	2,259,904 \$	330,530
Total public safety	\$_	14,178,849	\$	15,047,238	\$_	13,684,548 \$	1,362,690
Public works:							
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:							
General properties	\$_	1,176,771	\$	1,264,985	\$_	1,080,072 \$	184,913
Total public works	\$_	1,176,771	\$	1,264,985	\$_	1,080,072 \$	184,913
Health and welfare: Health:							
Local health department	\$_	316,203	\$	316,203	\$_	316,203 \$	
Mental health and mental retardation:							
Community services	\$_	425,893	\$	425,893	\$_	425,893 \$	<u> </u>
Welfare:							
Community youth services	\$	3,109,322	\$	3,944,347	\$	3,944,347 \$	-
Culpeper cable commission		106,913		106,913		106,913	-
Options		202,091		274,653		237,397	37,256
Summer youth grant		-		110,782		60,850	49,932
Social services administration		6,808,472		7,026,472		6,828,571	197,901
Career resource center		177,328		177,328		231,234	(53,906)
Cosmetology center		160,491		160,491		189,161	(28,670)
Daycare		1,005,607		1,005,607		1,180,574	(174,967)
Families first		352,452		352,452		287,278	65,174
Headstart	_	1,265,928	_	1,332,096		1,195,644	136,452
Total welfare	\$_	13,188,604	\$	14,491,141	\$_	14,261,969 \$	229,172
Total health and welfare	\$_	13,930,700	\$	15,233,237	\$_	15,004,065 \$	229,172
Education:							
Contributions to community colleges	\$	4,898	ŝ	4,898	\$	4,898 \$	-
Contributions to Piedmont Tech	•	120,784	-	120,784		93,115	27,669
Contributions to Component Unit School Board	_	31,395,652	_	31,395,652	_	29,289,080	2,106,572
Total education	\$_	31,521,334	\$	31,521,334	\$_	29,387,093 \$	2,134,241

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances --Budget and Actual -- General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: (continued) Parks, recreation and cultural:					, , ,
Parks and recreation:	<u>,</u>	407 433 6	F22 704 ¢	42E 422	07.454
Parks and recreation	\$	497,133 \$	522,784 \$	·	97,651
Community complex	_	367,789	391,549	362,005	29,544
Total parks and recreation	\$_	864,922 \$	914,333 \$	787,138 \$	127,195
Library:					
Library	\$	984,018 \$	1,007,351 \$	974,848 \$	32,503
Total parks, recreation and cultural	\$_	1,848,940 \$	1,921,684 \$	1,761,986 \$	159,698
Community development: Planning and community development: Planning	\$	637,232 \$	637,232 \$	537,992 \$	99,240
Chamber of commerce	Ψ.	5,000	5,000	5,000	-
Zoning board		5,544	5,544	398	5,146
Economic development		750,301	759,591	715,983	43,608
Total planning and community development	\$_	1,398,077 \$	1,407,367 \$		
Environmental management: Soil and water conservation district	\$_	50,000 \$	50,000 \$	50,000 \$	
Cooperative extension program: VPI extension	\$_	155,548 \$	155,548 \$	131,654 \$	23,894
Total community development	\$_	1,603,625 \$	1,612,915 \$	1,441,027 \$	171,888
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	Ś	4,369,832 \$	4,369,832 \$	4,369,831 \$	1
Interest and fiscal charges	•	4,291,214	4,291,214	3,999,355	291,859
Total debt service	\$_	8,661,046 \$	8,661,046 \$	8,369,186 \$	291,860
Total expenditures	\$_	79,562,405	82,073,532 \$	76,828,706 \$	5,244,826
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$_	(3,371,376) \$	(4,417,683) \$	3,473,654 \$	7,891,337
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	\$	- \$	- \$	288,933 \$	288,933
Transfers (out)		(2,328,008)	(2,328,008)	(1,989,375)	338,633
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	(2,328,008) \$	(2,328,008) \$	(1,700,442) \$	627,566
Changes in fund balances	\$	(5,699,384) \$	(6,745,691) \$	1,773,212 \$	8,518,903
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	5,699,384	6,745,691	24,305,304	17,559,613
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	<u> </u>	\$	26,078,516 \$	26,078,516

		Virg	inia Retirement Syster	n		
County		V 11 S	ina item emene system			
Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
6/30/2009 \$ 6/30/2008 6/30/2007	31,327,190 \$ 29,842,741 26,318,239	36,171,711 \$ 33,626,493 29,344,748	4,844,521 3,783,752 3,026,509	86.61% \$ 88.75% 89.69%	14,618,582 15,324,711 14,277,379	33.14 24.69 21.20
-	sented Compond Non-Professiona		ol Board			
Valuation Date (1) 6/30/2009 \$	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) (2) 8,299,898 \$	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3) 8,597,057 \$	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (4) 297,159	Funded Ratio (2) / (3) (5) 96.54% \$	Annual Covered Payroll (6) 4,294,141	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6) (7) 6.92
6/30/2008 6/30/2007	7,712,391 6,572,229	8,144,710 7,096,974	432,319 524,745	94.69% 92.61%	4,182,308 3,489,030	10.34 15.04
		Other I	Post Employement Ben	efits		
Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
3/29/2010 \$ 6/21/2007	- \$ -	1,386,000 \$ 611,000	1,386,000 611,000	0.00% \$ 0.00%	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Discretely Pre	sented Compone	ent Unit - Scho	ol Board			
Valuation Date (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) (2)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (4)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
3/29/2010 \$ 7/2/2007	- \$ -	2,356,000 \$ 2,484,000	2,356,000 2,484,000	0.00% \$ 0.00%	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
	Vi	irginia Retirem	ent System - Health Ins	surance Credit		
-	sented Compond Non-Professiona		ol Board			
Valuation Date (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
6/30/2009 \$ 6/30/2008	101,067 \$ 109,612	172,050 \$ 208,145	70,983 98,533	58.74% \$ 52.66%	4,294,141 4,182,308	1.65

156,143

38.40%

3,489,030

4.48%

97,347

253,490

6/30/2007



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION







Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances --Budget and Actual -- Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Revenue from use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	- \$ 403,303	18,007 \$ 419,646	18,007 16,343
Intergovernmental: School Board Contribution to Primary Government Commonwealth		- -		1,214,974	519,045 183,088	(695,929) 183,088
Total revenues	\$_	-	\$_	1,618,277 \$	1,139,786 \$	(478,491)
Expenditures:						
Current: General government administration Public safety Public works Education:	\$	-	\$	573,139 \$ 40,660 3,162,412	70,267 \$ - 1,273,570	502,872 40,660 1,888,842
School construction Parks & recreation Debt service:		-		1,214,974 1,098,896	519,045 14,140	695,929 1,084,756
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		126,030	126,030	
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$_	6,216,111 \$	2,003,052 \$	4,213,059
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	-	\$_	(4,597,834) \$	(863,266) \$	3,734,568
Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of literary fund loan Interim financing redeemed Issuance of lease revenue bonds Premium on bonds issued	\$	- - -	\$	- \$ - 1,815,318 	7,500,000 \$ (7,500,000) 3,925,000 142,513	7,500,000 (7,500,000) 3,925,000 142,513
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	-	\$_	1,815,318 \$	4,067,513 \$	4,067,513
Changes in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(2,782,516) \$	3,204,247 \$	7,802,081
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	-		2,782,516	(2,224,539)	(5,007,055)
Fund balances at end of year	\$	-	\$_	\$	979,708 \$	979,708

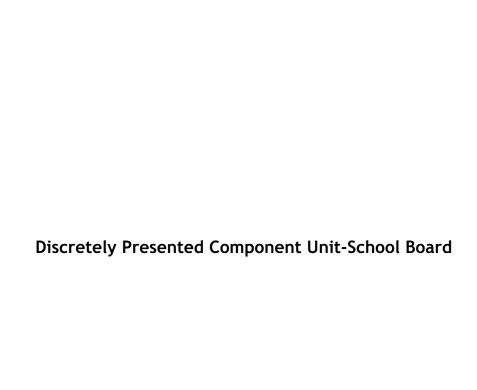
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets -Agency Funds At June 30, 2010

		Special Welfare Fund		Sheriff Commissary Fund		Piedmont Tech Fund		Healthy Culpeper Fund		Thrift Store		Totals
Assets:	_				_		_					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	102,965	\$	5,519	\$	-	\$	23,845	\$	238,943	\$	371,272
Accounts receivable	-	-		-	_	1,906	_	-		-	_	1,906
Total assets	\$_	102,965	\$	5,519	\$	1,906	\$	23,845	\$	238,943	\$	373,178
Liabilities:												
Amounts held for others	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,906	\$	23,845	\$	238,943	\$	264,694
Amounts held for inmates		-		5,519		-		-		-		5,519
Amounts held for social services clients	-	102,965		-	-		_	-		-		102,965
Total liabilities	Ś	102.965	Ś	5.519	Ś	1.906	Ś	23.845	Ś	238.943	Ś	373.178

Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Balance Beginning of Year		Additions		Deletions	Balance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund:	-		-		_		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	117,831	\$	165,694	\$ _	180,560 \$	102,965
Liabilities: Amounts held for social services clients	\$	117,831	\$	165,694	\$ _	180,560 \$	102,965
Sheriff Commissary Fund: Assets:	ć	0.004	ć	00.050	ċ	04.432.6	F F40
Cash and cash equivalents	۶ -	9,801	>	89,850	^ې =	94,132 \$	5,519
Liabilities: Amounts held for inmates	\$	9,801	\$	89,850	\$ _	94,132 \$	5,519
Piedmont Tech Fund:							
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	-	\$	98,647 S 1,906		98,647 \$ -	1,906
Total assets	\$	-	\$	100,553	\$_	98,647 \$	1,906
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	-	\$	100,553	\$ _	98,647 \$	1,906
Healthy Culpeper Fund: Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	28,449	\$	23,369	\$_	27,973 \$	23,845
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	28,449	\$	23,369	\$_	27,973 \$	23,845
Thrift Store:							
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	189,647	\$	392,869	\$ _	343,573 \$	238,943
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	189,647	\$	392,869	\$	343,573 \$	238,943
Totals All agency funds Assets:	=		•		_		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	345,728	\$	770,429 S 1,906	\$	744,885 \$ -	371,272 1,906
Total assets	\$	345,728	\$	772,335	\$	744,885 \$	373,178
Liabilities:	-		•		-		
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	117,831	\$	165,694	\$	180,560 \$	
Amounts held for inmates Amounts held for others		9,801 218,096		89,850 516,791		94,132 470,193	5,519 264,694
Total liabilities	\$	345,728	\$	772,335	\$ _	744,885 \$	373,178





Combining Balance Sheet Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit -- School Board At June 30, 2010

			Gov	ernmental Fu	nds			
	_	School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund		School Capital Projects Fund		Totals
ASSETS	_							
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Accounts receivable	\$	13,857	\$	1,310,476	\$	1,485,931	\$	2,810,264
Due from primary governmental units Due from primary government	_	2,753,598 4,393,347		78,887 -		161,661 - -		161,661 2,832,485 4,393,347
Total assets	\$_	7,160,802	\$_	1,389,363	\$_	1,647,592	\$_	10,197,757
LIABILITIES	_							
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$_	444,583 6,716,219	\$	- 196,542	\$	325,000	\$	769,583 6,912,761
Total liabilities	\$_	7,160,802	\$_	196,542	\$_	325,000	\$_	7,682,344
FUND BALANCES								
Unreserved: Designated for subsequent expenditures Designated for capital projects	\$_	-	\$	1,192,821	\$	- 1,322,592	\$	1,192,821 1,322,592
Total fund balances	\$_	-	\$_	1,192,821	\$_	1,322,592	\$_	2,515,413
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	7,160,802	\$	1,389,363	\$	1,647,592	=	
Detailed explanation of adjustments from fund state	ment	s to governme	ent-	wide statemen	t of	net assets:		
When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) purchased or constructed, the costs of those assets However, the Statement of Net Assets includes thos	are	reported as ex	кре	nditures in gov	ern	mental funds.		
as a whole.							\$	31,348,367
Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board' the current period and accordingly are not reporte long-term are reported in the statement of net asset	d as							
tong-term are reported in the statement of flet asset	٥.						_	(1,878,467)
Net assets of General Government Activities							\$_	31,985,313

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances --Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit -- School Board Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Go						
	-					School		
		School		School		Capital		
		Operating		Cafeteria		Projects		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals
Revenues:	_							
Revenue from use of money								
and property	\$	91,067	\$	6,616	\$	227	\$	97,910
Charges for services		88,332		1,648,840		-		1,737,172
Miscellaneous		663,321		35,160		161,661		860,142
Intergovernmental:								
County contribution to School Board		29,289,080		-		-		29,289,080
Commonwealth		31,690,982		43,053		-		31,734,035
Federal	_	7,832,473		1,591,814		-		9,424,287
Total revenues	\$_	69,655,255	\$_	3,325,483	\$_	161,888	\$	73,142,626
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Education	\$	69,047,116	\$	3,201,611	\$	-	\$	72,248,727
Capital projects		-		-		379,905		379,905
Contribution to primary government		-		-		4,910,289		4,910,289
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		566,324		-		-		566,324
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	41,815		-		-	_	41,815
Total expenditures	\$_	69,655,255	\$_	3,201,611	\$	5,290,194	\$	78,147,060
Changes in fund balances	\$	-	\$	123,872	\$	(5,128,306)	\$	(5,004,434)
Fund balances at beginning of year	-	-		1,068,949		6,450,898	. <u> </u>	7,519,847
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	-	\$_	1,192,821	\$	1,322,592	\$	2,515,413

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances --Governmental Funds - Budget and Actual -- Discretely Presented Component Unit -- School Board Year Ended June 30, 2010

		School Operating Fund									
		Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues: Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Intergovernmental: County contribution to School Board Commonwealth	\$	483,000 31,395,652	\$	483,000 31,395,652	\$	91,067 \$ 88,332 663,321 29,289,080 31,690,982	5	91,067 88,332 180,321 (2,106,572) (4,269,472)			
Federal		35,960,454 3,194,738		35,960,454 5,151,162		7,832,473		2,681,311			
Total revenues	\$	71,033,844	\$	72,990,268	\$	69,655,255 \$	<u> </u>	(3,335,013)			
Expenditures: Current: Education: Instruction Administration, attendance and health Pupil transportation	\$	52,595,287 3,563,532 3,985,730	\$	53,686,983 3,563,532 4,297,922	\$	51,764,455 \$ 3,021,851 4,285,437	5	1,922,528 541,681 12,485			
Operation and maintenance of school plant Facilities Technology instruction School food service	_	7,828,255 129,071 2,323,957		7,829,332 264,071 2,740,416		7,085,305 199,396 2,690,672		744,027 64,675 49,744			
Total education	\$	70,425,832	\$	72,382,256	\$	69,047,116 \$	5	3,335,140			
Capital Projects Contribution to primary government Debt service:		-		-		-		-			
Principal retirement		563,875		563,875		566,324		(2,449)			
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	44,137		44,137		41,815	_	2,322			
Total expenditures	\$	71,033,844	\$	72,990,268	\$_	69,655,255 \$	<u> </u>	3,335,013			
Changes in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	<u>, </u>	-			
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	-	_	-		-	_				
Fund balances at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	5	-			

	School Cafeteria Fund				School Capital Projects Fund			
-	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	- \$	- \$	6,616 \$	6,616 \$	- \$	- \$	227 \$	227
	2,060,230	2,060,230	1,648,840 35,160	(411,390) 35,160	-	-	- 161,661	- 161,661
	- 40,763 1,040,000	- 40,763 1,040,000	- 43,053 1,591,814	- 2,290 551,814	- -	- - -	- - -	-
\$	3,140,993 \$	3,140,993 \$	3,325,483 \$	184,490 \$	- \$	- \$	161,888 \$	161,888
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	3,140,993	3,140,993	3,201,611	(60,618)	- -	<u> </u>	- -	-
\$	3,140,993 \$	3,140,993 \$	3,201,611 \$	(60,618) \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
	-	-	-	-	-	1,796,601 1,214,974	379,905 4,910,289	1,416,696 (3,695,315)
_	<u>-</u> _	- 	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	<u>-</u> _	-
\$	3,140,993 \$	3,140,993 \$	3,201,611 \$	(60,618) \$	\$	3,011,575 \$	5,290,194 \$	(2,278,619)
\$	- \$	- \$	123,872 \$	123,872 \$	- \$	(3,011,575) \$	(5,128,306) \$	(2,116,731)
_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,068,949	1,068,949	<u> </u>	3,011,575	6,450,898	3,439,323
\$	- \$	- \$	1,192,821 \$	1,192,821 \$	- \$	- \$	1,322,592 \$	1,322,592

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Actividifferent because:	ties are		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(5,004,434)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the St. of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful li reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital exceeded depreciation expense in the current period:	ives and		
Capital asset additions Depreciation expense	\$ _	1,652,164 (2,318,810)	(666,646)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expendit governmental funds. This amount reflects the change in accrued leave and ot employement benefits: Accrued leave Other post employement benefits	tures in	(2,384) (52,000)	(54,384)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. leases) provides current financial resorgovernmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt of the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, has any effect on net assets. Details of this adjustment are as follows: Principal retired on capital lease obligations	onsumes	733,908	733,908
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Uni Board	it School	-	1,506,893
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(3,484,663)

Supporting Schedule



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government:							
General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:							
Real property taxes	\$	30,292,807	\$	30,292,807	\$	30,395,598 \$	102,791
Real and personal public service corporation	•	, ,		, ,		, ,	,
property taxes		796,307		796,307		1,126,271	329,964
Personal property taxes		11,742,640		11,742,640		11,101,882	(640,758)
Mobile home taxes		19,092		19,092		47,411	28,319
Machinery and tools taxes		1,691,100		1,691,100		1,731,680	40,580
Aircraft taxes		36,081		36,081		37,193	1,112
Recreational property taxes		273,798		273,798		258,644	(15,154)
Penalties		400,000		400,000		435,031	35,031
Interest	_	200,000	_	200,000		307,083	107,083
Total general property taxes	\$_	45,451,825	\$_	45,451,825	\$_	45,440,793	(11,032)
Other local taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes	\$	4,925,607	\$	4,925,607	\$	4,670,002 \$	(255,605)
Transient occupancy tax		17,000		17,000		14,631	(2,369)
Consumer utility taxes		2,041,500		2,041,500		1,983,855	(57,645)
Franchise license taxes		116,000		116,000		132,329	16,329
Motor vehicle licenses tax		860,000		860,000		701,177	(158,823)
Taxes on recordation and wills		800,000		800,000		538,548	(261,452)
E-911 Taxes	_	775,000	_	775,000	<u> </u>	750,680	(24,320)
Total other local taxes	\$_	9,535,107	\$_	9,535,107	\$_	8,791,222 \$	(743,885)
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:							
Animal licenses	\$	30,250	\$	30,250	\$	22,720 \$, , ,
Building and related permits		400,000		400,000		377,564	(22,436)
Other permits and licenses	_	96,500	_	96,500		162,905	66,405
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory							
licenses	\$_	526,750	\$_	526,750	\$	563,189	36,439
Fines and Forfeitures:							
Court fines and forfeitures	\$_	60,000	\$_	60,000	\$_	77,962 \$	17,962
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from use of money	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	81,792 \$	(418,208)
Revenue from use of property	· 	262,874	_	262,874	· _	349,663	86,789
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	762,874	\$_	762,874	\$	431,455	(331,419)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)						
General Fund: (Continued)						
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)						
Charges for services:						
Excess fees of clerk	\$	84,000	Ś	84,000 \$	31,070 \$	(52,930)
Charges for Commonwealth's attorney	*	1,000	Ψ.	1,000	961	(39)
Charges for parks and recreation		89,383		98,421	96,500	(1,921)
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control		10,000		10,000	14,254	4,254
Charges for courthouse maintenance fees		16,000		16,000	16,902	902
Charges for courthouse and courtroom		10,000		10,000	10,702	702
security fees		80,000		80,000	89,254	9,254
Charges for other protection		59,400		132,086	117,553	(14,533)
Charges for library		45,000		69,346	65,789	(3,557)
Charges for revenue recovery		600,000		600,000	398,518	(201,482)
Charges for planning and community development		17,824		17,824	1,643	(16,181)
Charges for law library		16,000		16,000	14,707	(1,293)
Cosmetology fees		160,491		160,491	214,938	54,447
Charges for daycare		1,233,576		1,266,316	1,307,764	41,448
Charges for daycare		1,233,370		1,200,310	1,307,704	41,440
Total charges for services	\$_	2,412,674	\$_	2,551,484 \$	2,369,853 \$	(181,631)
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Miscellaneous	Ś	173,000	Ś	212,174 \$	258,145 \$	45,971
	-	,	- Ť —			
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	173,000	\$_	212,174 \$	258,145	45,971
Recovered costs:						
Wheels for work	\$	10,000	ς	10,000 \$	28,197 \$	18,197
Town of Culpeper E-911	7	201,609	7	201,609	210,816	9,207
Payments from localities		141,387		141,387	19,645	(121,742)
r dynients from tocatrics	_	141,307		141,507	17,043	(121,772)
Total recovered costs	\$_	352,996	\$_	352,996 \$	258,658 \$	(94,338)
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	59,275,226	\$_	59,453,210 \$	58,191,277 \$	(1,261,933)
Intergovernmental:						
School Board contribution to primary government	\$_	-	\$_	\$	4,391,244 \$	4,391,244
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Noncategorical aid:						
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	34,500	ċ	34,500 \$	38,894 \$	4 204
Recordation tax	Ş	230,000	Ş	230,000	·	4,394 (62,564)
				•	167,436	
Mobile home titling taxes		10,000		10,000	9,995	(5)
PPTRA		3,367,808		3,367,808	3,367,808	44.050
Auto rental tax	_	26,000		26,000	42,259	16,259
Total noncategorical aid	\$_	3,668,308	\$_	3,668,308 \$	3,626,392 \$	(41,916)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)						
General Fund: (Continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)						
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:						
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	387,555	\$	387,555 \$	359,882 \$	(27,673)
Sheriff		2,743,471		2,743,471	2,384,717	(358,754)
Commissioner of the Revenue		139,901		139,901	127,843	(12,058)
Treasurer		137,553		137,553	124,148	(13,405)
Registrar/electoral board		54,902		54,902	45,647	(9,255)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		279,786		320,465	286,041	(34,424)
Combined Court	_	6,500		6,500	20,105	13,605
Total shared expenses	\$_	3,749,668	\$_	3,790,347 \$	3,348,383 \$	(441,964)
Other categorical aid:						
Welfare administration and assistance	\$	3,819,535	\$	3,840,910 \$	1,763,964 \$	(2,076,946)
Local jail		232,750		232,750	151,411	(81,339)
Abandoned vehicle program		9,450		9,450	-	(9,450)
Fire service program		67,000		67,000	67,863	863
Families first grant		234,732		234,732	260,175	25,443
Options		22,000		115,393	129,116	13,723
Library aid		181,167		168,706	168,706	-
E-911 wireless		60,000		60,000	84,052	24,052
Two for life funds		39,000		39,000	40,321	1,321
Community youth services grant		1,807,791		2,518,813	2,606,047	87,234
Juvenile and domestic relations		68,624		68,624	65,095	(3,529)
Criminal justice services		237,022		237,022	237,021	(1)
Crime victim assistance		12,954		12,954	17,600	4,646
Other categorical aid	_	27,172		72,517	65,976	(6,541)
Total other categorical aid	\$_	6,819,197	\$_	7,677,871 \$	5,657,347 \$	(2,020,524)
Total categorical aid	\$_	10,568,865	\$_	11,468,218 \$	9,005,730 \$	(2,462,488)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	14,237,173	\$	15,136,526 \$	12,632,122 \$	(2,504,404)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)							
General Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
Welfare administration and assistance	\$	1,449,177	\$	1,642,952	\$	3,121,487 \$	1,478,535
Welfare administration and assistance - ARRA		-		66,168		176,176	110,008
Adult services grant		167,328		167,328		190,524	23,196
Department of justice grants		-		45,800		37,500	(8,300)
VSTOP grant		29,878		29,878		32,288	2,410
Emergency services		-		58,400		69,146	10,746
JAG Grant - ARRA		-		-		16,996	16,996
Victim witness grant		51,814		51,814		52,800	986
Justice assistance grant - ARRA		-		-		148,053	148,053
USDA grant funds		-		-		144,960	144,960
Headstart		980,433		950,543		1,011,800	61,257
Headstart - ARRA		-		-		13,859	13,859
Green grant - ARRA		-		10,398		11,750	1,352
Federal interest subsidy		-		-		20,136	20,136
Law enforcement grant		-		22,832		22,832	-
DMV selective enforcement grant	_	-		20,000	_	17,410	(2,590)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	2,678,630	\$_	3,066,113	\$_	5,087,717 \$	2,021,604
Total General Fund	\$_	76,191,029	\$_	77,655,849	\$	80,302,360 \$	2,646,511
Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money Revenue from use of property	\$	-	\$	·	\$	2,967 \$ 15,040	2,967 15,040
Total revenue from use of money and property	ς	_	ς _	_	ς	18,007 \$	18,007
Miscellaneous:	٦_		_ ۲_	<u> </u>		10,007	10,007
Miscellaneous	\$_	-	\$_	403,303	\$_	419,646 \$	16,343
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	-	\$_	403,303	\$_	437,653 \$	34,350
Intergovernmental revenue:							
School Board Contribution to Primary Government	\$_	-	\$_	1,214,974	\$_	519,045 \$	(695,929)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:							
VDOT grant	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	183,088 \$	183,088
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	183,088 \$	183,088
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$_	-	\$_	1,618,277	\$_	1,139,786 \$	(478,491)
Grand Total Revenues Primary Government	\$	76,191,029	\$_	79,274,126	\$	81,442,146 \$	2,168,020

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Component Unit School Board:						
Special Revenue Funds:						
School Operating Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from use of property	\$_	- \$	-	\$_	91,067 \$	91,067
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	\$_		\$_	91,067 \$	91,067
Charges for services:						
Textbook sales	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,532 \$	1,532
Transportation and field trips		-	-		30,981	30,981
Tuition and fees	_	<u> </u>	-		55,819	55,819
Total charges for services	\$_	- \$	-	\$_	88,332 \$	88,332
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Miscellaneous	\$_	483,000 \$	483,000	\$_	663,321 \$	180,321
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	483,000 \$	483,000	\$_	663,321 \$	180,321
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	483,000 \$	483,000	\$_	842,720 \$	359,720
Intergovernmental revenue:						
County contribution to School Board	\$_	31,395,652 \$	31,395,652	\$_	29,289,080 \$	(2,106,572)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Component Unit School Board: (Continued)					
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)					
School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Share of state sales tax	\$	6,996,285 \$	6,996,285 \$	6,449,670 \$	(546,615)
Basic school aid		21,319,178	21,319,178	17,778,952	(3,540,226)
Special education-SOQ		1,854,040	1,854,040	1,901,489	47,449
Primary class size		468,702	468,702	495,707	27,005
Gifted and talented		188,269	188,269	193,087	4,818
Remedial education		327,424	327,424	335,804	8,380
Third grade remedial		79,852	79,852	39,563	(40,289)
Vocational education-SOQ		384,723	384,723	394,570	9,847
Educational technology		310,000	310,000	149,418	(160,582)
At - risk		181,195	181,195	182,213	1,018
Textbook		485,079	485,079	222,328	(262,751)
Fringe benefits		2,377,918	2,377,918	2,090,379	(287,539)
ESL		267,757	267,757	198,805	(68,952)
School construction		-	-	484,607	484,607
Other categorical aid		720,032	720,032	774,390	54,358
Total categorical aid	\$_	35,960,454 \$	35,960,454 \$	31,690,982 \$	(4,269,472)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	35,960,454 \$	35,960,454 \$	31,690,982 \$	(4,269,472)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Title I	\$	919,400 \$	1,737,812 \$		(689, 359)
Title I - ARRA		-	29,299	628,066	598,767
Title II Part A		246,000	246,000	256,479	10,479
Drug free schools		15,336	15,336	19,798	4,462
State fiscal stablization funds		-	-	3,580,980	3,580,980
Title VI - B		1,197,525	1,197,525	1,271,318	73,793
Title VI - B - ARRA		-	844,693	480,846	(363,847)
Preschool incentive		42,596	42,596	41,492	(1,104)
Preschool incentive - ARRA		- 000	28,442	21,375	(7,067)
Technology grant		8,000	8,000	12,606	4,606
Technology grant - ARRA		-	25,818	27,686	1,868
Title IV-B		-	-	80,643	80,643
School improvement grant		-	209,760	209,760	7 000
Title III		41,000	41,000	48,898	7,898
Vocational education		94,000	94,000	100,033	6,033
21st century learning grant		145,800	145,800	-	(145,800)
Miscellaneous federal grants		485,081	485,081	4,040	(481,041)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	3,194,738 \$	5,151,162 \$	7,832,473 \$	2,681,311
Total School Operating Fund	\$	71,033,844 \$	72,990,268 \$	69,655,255 \$	(3,335,013)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Component Unit School Board: (Continued) Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) School Cafeteria Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from use of money	\$	- \$	- \$	6,616 \$	6,616
Charges for services:					
Cafeteria sales		2,060,230	2,060,230	1,648,840	(411,390)
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>	<u>-</u> -	35,160	35,160
Total revenue from local sources	\$	2,060,230 \$	2,060,230 \$	1,690,616 \$	(369,614)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:	ć	10.7(2.6	40.742.6	42.052.6	2 200
School food program grant	\$	40,763 \$	40,763 \$	43,053 \$	2,290
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	40,763 \$	40,763 \$	43,053 \$	2,290
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
School food program grant	\$	1,040,000 \$	1,040,000 \$	1,591,814 \$	551,814
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,040,000 \$	1,040,000 \$	1,591,814 \$	551,814
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	3,140,993 \$	3,140,993 \$	3,325,483 \$	184,490
School Capital Projects Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money	\$	- \$	- \$	227 \$	227
Nevenue II om use or money	Ψ.	4	*	, y	22,
Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous		_	_	161,661	161,661
Miscettaricous			-	101,001	101,001
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> \$	161,888 \$	161,888
Grand Total RevenuesComponent UnitSchool Board	\$	74,174,837 \$	76,131,261 \$	73,142,626 \$	(2,988,635)
Grand Total Revenues Reporting Entity	\$	150,365,866 \$	155,405,387 \$	154,584,772 \$	(820,615)



Description	Table #
Financial Trends	
These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial	
performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Net Assets by Component	1
Changes in Net Assets	2
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	2
(Accrual Basis of Accounting) Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	3 4
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	5
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)	6
Revenue Capacity	
These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability	
to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Assessed Value of Taxable Property	7
Property Tax Rates	8
Principal Taxpayers	9
Property Tax Levies and Collections	10
Debt Capacity	
These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current	
levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue debt in the future.	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	11
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to	12
Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita	
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt	13
Demographic and Economic Information	
This table offers demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the	
environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons	
over time and with other governments.	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	14
Operating Information	
These tables contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader	
understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and	
the activities it performs.	
Principal Employers	15
Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function	16
Operating Indicators by Function	17
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	18

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Net Assets by Component Last Nine Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2002	_	2003	 2004
Governmental activities:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 7,329,859	\$	6,486,359	\$ 6,935,344
Restricted	5,103,876		4,419,784	5,558,267
Unrestricted	12,117,203		18,533,545	19,919,678
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 24,550,938	\$	29,439,688	\$ 32,413,289
Business-type activities:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 7,781,918	\$	9,112,272	\$ 11,934,526
Unrestricted	1,133,550		(64,870)	(82,002)
Total primary government expenses	\$ 8,915,468	\$	9,047,402	\$ 11,852,524
Primary government				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 15,111,777	\$	15,598,631	\$ 18,869,870
Restricted	5,103,876		4,419,784	5,558,267
Unrestricted	13,250,753		18,468,675	19,837,676
Total primary government	\$ 33,466,406	\$	38,487,090	\$ 44,265,813

Note: Accrual-basis financial information is available back to fiscal year 2002 when the County implemented GASB 34.

	2005	_	2006	2007		2008	_	2009	_	2010
\$	14,986,153 285,663	\$	10,685,692 \$ 291,256	14,961,689	\$	18,469,361	\$	25,331,224	\$	21,744,425
_	24,746,856 40,018,672		(16,216,855) (5,239,907) \$	4,410,152 19,371,841	. _c -	18,933,684 37,403,045		18,086,410 43,417,634		25,869,837 47,614,262
`=	40,010,072	۰ =	(3,239,907) 3	17,3/1,041	= ٔ :	37,403,043	· '=	43,417,034	`=	47,014,202
\$	13,272,556	\$	16,010,805 \$	25,343,202	\$	36,145,416	\$	38,532,234	\$	38,791,879
	420,504	_	1,219,337	(1,011,200)		4,832,584	_	3,592,573	_	2,974,397
\$	13,693,060	\$_	(4,020,570) \$	24,332,002	\$_	40,978,000	\$_	42,124,807	\$_	41,766,276
_		_			-		-		_	
\$	28,258,709	\$	26,696,497 \$	40,304,891	\$	54,614,777	\$	63,863,458	\$	60,536,304
	285,663		291,256	-		-		-		-
	25,167,360		(14,997,518)	3,398,952		23,766,268		21,678,983		28,844,234
\$	53,711,732	\$_	11,990,235 \$	43,703,843	\$	78,381,045	\$	85,542,441	\$_	89,380,538

Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	_	2002		2003		2004	2005	_	2006	_	2007	2008		2009		2010
Expenses:																
Governmental activities:																
General government																
administration	\$	2,021,301	\$	2,468,960	\$	2,499,392 \$	2,953,543	\$	3,543,334	\$	3,853,551 \$	4,081,639	\$	4,256,847	5	3,775,50
Judicial administration		1,589,341		1,629,071		1,740,818	1,969,364		2,069,759		2,205,424	2,457,649)	2,373,026		2,447,22
Public safety		6,248,448		7,633,263		9,103,918	10,081,478		12,172,591		13,041,979	14,246,020)	14,047,751	1	3,702,26
Public works		415,475		864,885		1,283,304	1,479,809		1,352,053		1,189,262	3,575,121		3,130,874		1,568,68
Health & welfare		7,196,456		8,278,682		10,142,768	10,379,264		11,967,563		12,836,396	14,807,178	3	14,814,505	1	5,032,80
Education		5,594,190		20,107,328		22,735,578	23,427,804		77,431,819		34,846,547	31,778,033		32,740,398	3	1,510,04
Parks, recreation, & cultural		1,048,520		1,069,204		1,095,318	1,100,173		1,262,842		1,740,458	1,870,925	i	1,970,055		1,919,95
Community development		818,280		895,279		956,662	1,120,188		1,329,556		1,268,077	1,486,477	,	1,962,771		1,452,96
Capital outlays		300,424		485,137		-	-		-		-	-		-		-
Nondepartmental		70,825		-		-	-		-		-	-		-		-
Interest & other fiscal charges		1,027,750		1,992,258		1,770,141	1,862,068		4,411,072		4,329,496	4,529,751		4,378,949		4,389,71
Total governmental	_				_			-		_						
activities expenses	\$	26,331,010	\$	45,424,067	\$	51,327,899 \$	54,373,691	\$	115,540,589	\$_	75,311,190 \$	78,832,793	\$_	79,675,176	75	,799,166
Business-type activities:	_	4 0 45 35 :	,	4 004 107	¢	2 (((=== +	2 702 505	,	2 225 224 3		2 2/2 2 : : *	2 00=	¢	2 707 65 :		222 :
Landfill	\$	1,845,751	\$	1,984,407	\$	2,646,458 \$		\$		>	3,363,244 \$		\$	2,707,086	> 2	,222,198
Water & sewer		151,347		188,694		288,077	429,363		487,099		648,395	606,918		668,330		756,992
Airport		606,666		684,971		698,619	835,945		1,313,602		1,424,084	1,522,674		1,590,711	1	,582,110
Water & sewer authority	_	-		-			563	_	8,157	_	947	23,117		68,256		16,591
Total business-type activities					_											
expenses	\$	2,603,764	Ş.	2,858,072	\$_	3,633,154 \$	4,048,470	- -	5,084,654	Ş _	5,436,670 \$	5,450,480	\$_	5,034,383	4	,577,891
Total primary government				10.000.100		E 4 0 4 4 0 E 2 4	E0 400 444		100 (05 0 (0		00 7 /7 0 / 0	0.4.000.070		0.4.700.550		
expenses	\$	28,934,774	\$	48,282,139	\$	54,961,053 \$	58,422,161	- =	120,625,243	\$ =	80,747,860 \$	84,283,273	\$ =	84,/09,559	80	,3//,05/
Program revenues:																
Governmental activities:																
Charges for services:																
General government																
administration	\$	-	\$	56,078	\$	5,314\$	-	\$	- 5	\$	- \$	-	\$	566,496	5	-
Judicial administration	·	75,230	·	167,192		435,977	443,567	·	402,299		370,614	283,699	·	298,632		230,856
Public safety		678,283		793,213		1,328,513	2,184,845		122,835		1,677,223	1,499,059		733,912	1	,093,514
Public works		15,166		17,616		18,083	_, ,		-		18,642	-		-	-	-
Health & welfare		659,403		771,698		880,732	1,085,833		1,199,314		1,142,631	1,673,477		1,718,636	1	,522,702
Parks, recreation, & cultural		66,474		68,785		111,668	133,158		155,619		144,187	479,094		120,581		162,289
Community development		71,460		188,124		149,030	2,040		2,153,675		57,060	5,107		1,724		1,643
•		•		•		•			•		•	•		•		•
Operating grants & contributio	ns:															
General government																
administration		316,878		246,005		241,638	472,252		278,320		327,369	354,849		321,064		309,388
Judicial administration		610,274		886,897		887,111	566,048		1,357,127		1,390,202	761,272		702,737		666,028
Public safety		2,972,100		2,649,665		2,795,970	3,551,388		2,951,304		2,962,762	3,730,211		3,852,005	3	,511,081
Public works		-		26,494		6,593	-		-		-	30,014		-		183,088
Health & welfare		5,046,627		5,463,176		6,235,198	6,963,769		7,761,645		7,266,594	8,658,725		8,865,082	9	,418,108
Parks, recreation, & cultural		138,661		125,966		132,616	151,407		-		177,794	183,091		173,625		168,706
Community development		5,000		5,000		5,000	45,182		-		-	-		500,000		-
Interest on long-term debt		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-		20,136
Capital grants & contributions	_	2,630,620		96,202		4,850		_	1,282,500	_	26,335,715	26,042,891		7,483,680	4	,910,289
Total governmental activities																
Total governmental activities program revenues	¢	13 286 176	¢	11 562 111	¢	13 238 203 ¢	15 500 <i>1</i> 20	¢	17,664,638	\$	41 870 793 ¢	43 701 480	¢	25 338 17⊿ 9	ຸ່າາ	197 ደንዩ
program revenues	_ ر	13,200,170	٠.	11,302,111	۔ ۔	13,230,273 3	13,377,707	ر	17,007,030	۷_	د ۱۱٫۵۱۵٫۱۶۵	73,701,707		23,330,174		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Changes in Net Assets

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Program revenues: (Continued	d)								
Business-type activities:	,								
Charges for services:									
Landfill	\$ 1,222,639	\$ 1,291,907	1,672,544	\$ 2,288,332	\$ 2,667,679	\$ 2,650,528	\$ 2,469,848	\$ 1,587,384	\$ 1,186,803
Water & sewer	43,460	27,967	165,484	99,073	131,796	115,968	193,935	161,933	242,502
Airport	499,981	454,852	425,059	537,790	618,393	712,810	729,831	783,149	688,225
Operating grants & contribution	ns:								
Water & sewer	-	-	-	-	-	800	-	-	-
Airport	-	-	-	-	-	11,627	-	-	7,560
Capital grants & contributions	1,933,446	980,844	3,809,913	496,474	3,244,989	5,950,655	12,222,118	1,686,515	381,494
Total business-type activities									
program revenues	\$ 3,699,526 \$	\$ 2,755,570 \$	6,073,000	\$ 3,421,669	\$ 6,662,857	\$ 9.447.388	\$ 15,615,732	\$ 4,218,981	\$ 2,506,584
program revenues	3,077,320	2,733,370	0,073,000	3,421,007	J 0,002,037	7,442,300	7 13,013,732	7 4,210,701	2,300,304
Total primary government									
program revenues	\$ 16,985,702	5 14.317.681	19.311.293	\$ 19.021.158	\$ 24,327,495	\$ 51.313.181	\$ 59,317,221	\$ 29.557.155	\$ 24,704,412
1 3				<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Net (expense) / revenue									
Governmental activities	\$ (13.044.834) \$	5 (33.861.956) 5	5 (38.089.606)	\$ (38.774.202)	\$ (97,875,951)	5 (33,440,397)	\$ (35,131,304) \$	\$ (54.337.002)	\$ (53,601,338)
Business-type activities	1,095,762	(102,502)	2,439,846	(626,801)		4,005,718	10,165,252	(815,402)	(2,071,307)
3,60		(::=,::=)		(===,===)		-,,,,,,,,,		(313,132)	(=,::)
Total primary government									
net expense	\$ (11,949,072)	5 (33,964,458)	(35,649,760)	\$ (39,401,003)	\$ (96,297,748)	5 (29,434,679)	\$ (24,966,052)	\$ (55,152,404)	\$ (55,672,645)
·		' =========== '		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· 	` 	· 	· <u></u>	·
General Revenues & Other									
Changes in Net Assets									
Governmental activities:									
General property taxes	\$ 22,684,654	\$ 24,428,142	29,451,312	\$ 32,650,412	\$ 36,481,179	\$ 44,768,171	\$ 44,724,837	\$ 48,819,205	\$ 45,953,541
Local sales & use taxes	3,659,581	3,830,741	4,671,523	5,426,631	5,525,376	5,071,523	5,103,979	4,518,626	4,670,002
Consumer utility taxes	1,270,679	1,548,822	1,780,313	1,771,697	2,005,108	2,020,722	2,067,744	2,020,957	1,983,855
E-911 taxes	453,131	564,149	818,349	807,345	841,571	804,259	888,885	747,563	750,680
Taxes on recordation & wills	368,118	504,444	729,478	1,602,899	1,866,077	1,246,208	875,739	760,296	538,548
Motor vehicle license taxes	503,264	660,875	692,057	710,746	737,060	522,458	61,738	648,490	701,177
Other local taxes	6,379	82,972	127,444	119,993	125,896	115,545	157,284	148,335	146,960
Unrestricted revenues from us	e								
of money & property	551,748	417,562	342,699	890,239	1,743,951	2,264,532	1,819,900	599,243	449,462
Miscellaneous	514,260	347,492	493,592	593,142	566,864	256,774	923,303	287,627	677,791
Grants & contributions not									
restricted to specific program	s 2,803,975	3,385,516	3,454,276	3,493,550	3,979,168	3,841,914	3,712,251	3,690,898	3,626,392
Transfers	(731,622)	(210,667)	(1,229,716)	(1,687,068)	(1,878,878)	(2,859,961)	(6,253,652)	(1,889,649)	(1,700,442)
Total governmental activities	\$ 32,084,167	\$ 35,560,048	41,331,327	\$ 46,379,586	\$ 51,993,372	58,052,145	\$ 54,082,008	\$ 60,351,591	\$ 57,797,966
Business-type activities:									
Unrestricted revenues from us	e								
of money & property	\$ 101,266	\$ 23,769	8,565	\$ 21,465	\$ 80,001	236,184	\$ 227,094	\$ 72,560	\$ 12,334
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	84,976	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	731,622	210,667	1,229,716	1,687,068	1,878,878	2,859,961	6,253,652	1,889,649	1,700,442
Total business-type activities	\$ 832,888	\$ 234,436	1,238,281	\$ 1,793,509	\$ 1,958,879	3,096,145	\$ 6,480,746	\$ 1,962,209	\$ 1,712,776
Total primary government	\$ 32,917,055	35,794,484	42,569,608	\$ 48,173,095	\$ 53,952,251	61,148,290	\$ 60,562,754	\$ 62,313,800	\$ 59,510,742
Change in Net Assets									
Governmental activities	\$ 19,039,333	\$ 1,698,092	3,241,721	\$ 7,605,384	\$ (45,882,579)	24,611,748	\$ 18,950,704	\$ 6,014,589	\$ 4,196,628
Business-type activities	1,928,650	131,934	3,678,127	1,166,708	3,537,082	7,101,863	16,645,998	1,146,807	(358,531)
Total primary government	\$ 20,967,983	1,830,026	6,919,848	\$ 8,772,092	\$ (42,345,497)		\$ 35,596,702	\$ 7,161,396	\$ 3,838,097
					-				

Note: Accrual-basis financial information is available back to fiscal year 2002 when the County implemented GASB 34.



Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Nine Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	 General Property Taxes	Local Sales and Use Taxes	Consumer Utility Taxes	E-911 Taxes	Taxes on Recordation and Wills	Motor Vehicle License Taxes	Other Local Taxes	Total
2010	\$ 45,953,541 \$	4,670,002 \$	1,983,855 \$	750,680 \$	538,548 \$	701,177 \$	146,960 \$	54,744,763
2009	48,819,205	4,518,626	2,020,957	747,563	760,296	648,490	148,335	57,663,472
2008	44,724,837	5,103,979	2,067,744	888,885	875,739	61,738	157,284	53,880,206
2007	44,768,171	5,071,523	2,020,722	804,259	1,246,208	522,458	115,545	54,548,886
2006	36,481,179	5,525,376	2,005,108	841,571	1,866,077	737,060	125,896	47,582,267
2005	32,650,412	5,426,631	1,771,697	807,345	1,602,899	710,746	119,993	43,089,723
2004	29,451,312	4,671,523	1,780,313	818,349	729,478	692,057	127,444	38,270,476
2003	24,428,142	3,830,741	1,548,822	564,149	504,444	660,875	82,972	31,620,145
2002	22,684,654	3,659,581	1,270,679	453,131	368,118	503,264	6,379	28,945,806

Note: Accrual-basis financial information is available back to fiscal year 2002 when the County implemented GASB 34.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	_	2001		2002		2003		2004
General fund								
Unreserved, designated for subsequent expenditures	\$	873,752	\$	974,489	\$	728,048	\$	384,276
Unreserved, designated for capital projects		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,500,000
Unreserved, undesignated	_	13,559,576		16,641,192		19,421,365		22,557,008
	_							
Total general fund	\$_	16,433,328	\$_	19,615,681	\$_	22,149,413	\$_	25,441,284
	_							
All other governmental funds								
Unreserved, reported in:								
Capital projects funds (deficit)	\$_	3,791,706	\$	2,129,387	\$	1,691,736	\$	2,673,991

_	2005	 2006	 2007	 2008		2009	2010
\$_	1,271,174 3,515,262 28,591,969	\$ 1,758,229 3,592,005 31,589,504	\$ 1,618,995 1,892,005 33,394,462	\$ 3,004,067 2,392,005 21,012,107	\$	2,067,984 \$ 1,606,334 20,630,986	2,130,135 1,606,334 22,342,047
\$_	33,378,405	\$ 36,939,738	\$ 36,905,462	\$ 26,408,179	\$_	24,305,304 \$	26,078,516
\$_	3,209,396	\$ 942,798	\$ 3,970,503	\$ 1,730,757	\$	(2,224,539) \$	979,708

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2001	2002	2003	2004
Revenues:					
General property taxes	\$	21,292,619 \$	22,575,874 \$	24,445,197 \$	29,211,381
Other local taxes		5,993,067	6,261,152	7,192,003	8,819,164
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		602,886	712,117	941,713	1,365,250
Fines and forfeitures		24,781	41,576	79,245	96,481
Revenue from use of money and property		2,530,417	558,458	417,562	342,699
Charges for services		2,249,626	812,323	1,041,748	1,467,586
Miscellaneous		1,155,186	614,260	375,177	493,592
Recovered costs		349,084	440,647	268,332	151,654
Intergovernmental:					
School Board Contribution to Primary Government		-	492,125	<u>-</u>	-
Commonwealth		27,619,708	8,613,011	8,842,861	9,135,443
Federal	_	5,283,271	4,069,872	4,042,061	4,319,666
Total revenues	\$_	67,100,645 \$	45,191,415 \$	47,645,899 \$	55,402,916
Expenditures:					
General government administration	\$	2,353,277 \$	2,084,606 \$	2,517,002 \$	2,511,990
Judicial administration		1,513,634	1,542,471	1,592,045	1,715,860
Public safety		6,723,010	8,296,028	8,086,713	10,085,949
Public works		1,091,607	1,637,318	1,408,116	2,619,766
Health and welfare		6,101,477	7,677,139	8,274,809	10,051,059
Education		44,342,339	16,340,189	17,540,633	18,907,168
Parks, recreation, and cultural		886,620	910,902	963,445	1,152,737
Community development		3,383,600	881,217	886,467	923,585
Nondepartmental		12,628	70,825	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		1,357,557	1,518,820	2,072,871	2,065,422
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	1,566,187	1,523,903	1,997,050	1,771,917
Total expenditures	\$_	69,331,936 \$	42,483,418 \$	45,339,151 \$	51,805,453
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	\$_	(2,231,291) \$	2,707,997 \$	2,306,748 \$	3,597,463
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	\$	2,883,687 \$	3,421,923 \$	900,064 \$	2,065,500
Transfers (out)		(1,788,903)	(4,153,545)	(1,110,731)	(3,295,216)
Issuance of debt		22,000,000	(240,432)	-	2,045,098
Premium on bonds issued		-	-	-	-
Retirement of temporary financing	_	<u> </u>	- -	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	23,094,784 \$	(972,054) \$	(210,667) \$	815,382
Net changes in fund balances	\$_	20,863,493 \$	1,735,943 \$	2,096,081 \$	4,412,845
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	_	4.22%	7.16%	9.13%	7.71%

-	2005		2006		2007		2008	_	2009		2010
\$	32,807,959 10,439,311	\$	36,264,828 11,101,087	\$	44,232,779 9,780,716	\$	44,178,683 9,155,369	\$	48,035,130 \$ 8,844,267		45,440,793 8,791,222
	2,114,590 78,609		2,161,763 60,453		1,488,884 96,752		916,830 52,278		624,759 90,718		563,189 77,962
	890,239		1,743,951		2,264,532		1,819,900		599,243		449,462
	1,656,244		1,811,526		1,824,721		2,971,328		2,724,504		2,369,853
	593,142		566,864		256,774		923,303		287,627		677,791
	234,058		96,416		173,423		219,596		264,157		258,658
	-		931,966		26,383,458		26,042,891		4,532,080		4,910,289
	9,437,555		10,336,751		10,996,233		12,275,773		12,028,450		12,815,210
-	5,806,041	-	5,990,813	_	4,970,402	-	5,154,640	· —	6,076,961	_	5,087,717
\$_	64,057,748	\$_	71,066,418	\$_	102,468,674	\$_	103,710,591	\$_	84,107,896 \$		81,442,146
\$	2,848,257	Ś	3,568,370	Ś	3,849,822	Ś	4,021,814	Ś	4,216,069 \$		3,736,033
•	1,939,838	•	2,074,360	•	2,327,462	•	2,511,337	•	2,529,996		2,434,963
	15,567,826		14,426,133		12,604,801		14,676,760		14,924,513		13,684,548
	1,594,033		2,794,585		3,359,350		3,776,003		4,450,069		2,353,642
	10,578,388		12,005,443		12,719,822		14,799,765		14,803,422		15,004,065
	20,663,339		86,810,240		58,987,181		59,897,360		35,121,032		29,906,138
	5,154,782		1,850,341		2,110,261		1,842,207		1,905,922		1,776,126
	1,097,985 -		1,285,455 -		1,219,129 -		1,454,190 -		1,908,497 -		1,441,024 -
	2,218,067		2,340,953		2,584,746		2,652,946		3,944,953		4,369,831
	1,643,638		3,405,806		4,352,710		4,561,586		4,471,945		4,125,385
\$	63,306,153	\$	130,561,686	\$	104,115,284	\$_	110,193,968	\$	88,276,418 \$		78,831,755
\$_	751,595	\$_	(59,495,268)	\$_	(1,646,610)	\$_	(6,483,377)	\$_	(4,168,522) \$		2,610,391
s	878,232	ς	2,102,435	Ś	5,719,630	ς	4,026,294	ς	257,500 \$		288,933
Ψ.	(2,565,300)	-	(3,981,313)				(10,279,946)				(1,989,375)
	9,408,000				7,500,000		-		7,500,000		11,425,000
	-		-		-		-		-		142,513
-		-	-	-	-	_	-	_	(7,500,000)		· ·
\$_	7,720,932	\$_	60,790,003	\$_	4,640,039	\$_	(6,253,652)	\$_	(1,889,649) \$		2,367,071
\$	8,472,527	\$_	1,294,735	\$_	2,993,429	\$_	(12,737,029)	\$_	(6,058,171) \$		4,977,462
=	7.30%	. =	4.99%	: =	9.33%	=	9.21%	: <u>-</u>	10.83%		11.05%



Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	 General Property Taxes	Local Sales and Use Taxes	Consumer Utility Taxes	E-911 Taxes	Taxes on Recordation and Wills	Vehicle License Taxes	Other Local Taxes	Total
2001	\$ 21,292,619 \$	3,562,482 \$	1,235,153 \$	374,641 \$	269,317 \$	474,808 \$	76,666 \$	27,285,686
2002	22,575,874	3,659,581	1,270,679	453,131	368,118	503,264	6,379	28,837,026
2003	24,445,197	3,830,741	1,548,822	564,149	504,444	660,875	82,972	31,637,200
2004	29,211,381	4,671,523	1,780,313	818,349	729,478	692,057	127,444	38,030,545
2005	32,807,959	5,426,631	1,771,697	807,345	1,602,899	710,746	119,993	43,247,270
2006	36,264,828	5,525,376	2,005,108	841,571	1,866,077	737,060	125,896	47,365,916
2007	44,232,779	5,071,523	2,020,722	804,259	1,246,208	522,458	115,546	54,013,495
2008	44,178,683	5,103,979	2,067,744	888,885	875,739	61,738	157,284	53,334,052
2009	48,035,130	4,518,626	2,020,957	747,563	760,296	648,490	148,335	56,879,397
2010	45,440,793	4,670,002	1,983,855	750,680	538,548	701,177	146,960	54,232,015

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Direct Tax Rate	Personal Property	Direct Tax Rate	Mobile Homes	Machinery and Tools	Merchants' Capital	Public Service	Total
2000-01 \$	1,856,943,600 \$	0.82 \$	264,000,872 \$	2.50 \$	3,268,700 \$	77,810,297 \$	- \$	94,661,009 \$	2,296,684,481
2001-02	1,911,199,400	0.88	281,868,312	2.50	3,335,500	85,457,408	-	109,358,826	2,391,219,449
2002-03	1,992,958,160	0.92	349,665,282	2.50	3,586,900	72,912,837	-	106,588,172	2,525,711,354
2003-04	2,921,047,300	0.81	329,442,255	2.50	3,862,000	68,045,868	-	132,231,633	3,454,629,059
2004-05	3,066,157,290	0.89	342,808,625	2.50	3,947,400	63,700,993	-	98,285,489	3,574,899,800
2005-06	3,288,965,945	0.89	413,325,227	2.50	4,198,000	63,833,497	-	82,981,016	3,853,303,688
2006-07	3,569,349,706	0.89	461,389,729	3.50	4,328,700	69,929,639	-	70,651,384	4,175,649,162
2007-08	5,684,632,826	0.56	465,336,481	3.50	3,258,200	78,284,880	-	130,007,368	6,361,519,759
2008-09	5,747,238,496	0.61	482,347,707	3.50	3,129,900	84,569,648	-	145,637,364	6,462,923,119
2009-10	5,169,795,493	0.65	436,200,596	3.50	2,988,600	85,458,768	-	163,102,988	5,857,546,449

⁽¹⁾ All amounts are at 100% fair market value

Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years	 Real Estate	 Personal Property	 Machinery and Tools	 Merchants' Capital
2000-01	\$ 0.82	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.00	\$ -
2001-02	0.88	2.50	2.00	-
2002-03	0.92	2.50	2.00	-
2003-04	0.81	2.50	2.00	-
2004-05	0.89	2.50	2.00	-
2005-06	0.89	2.50	2.00	-
2006-07 (2)	0.89	3.50	2.00	-
2007-08 (2)	0.56	3.50	2.00	-
2008-09 (2)	0.61	3.50	2.00	-
2009-10 (2)	0.65	3.50	2.00	-

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value

⁽²⁾ In fiscal year 2006-07 the Board of Supervisors split the personal property rate between recreational, aircraft and non-recreational. The recreational PP rate is \$2.50; the aircraft rate is \$.63 and the non-recreational rate is \$3.50.

Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

				2010		2001			
		-			% of Total			% of Total	
			Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	
Taxpayer	Type of Business		Valuation	Rank	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	
Continental Teves	Manufacturing	\$	47,035,309	1	0.73% \$	25,289,360	2	1.19%	
SWIFT, Inc.	Communications		43,038,877	2	0.67%	34,831,964	1	1.64%	
Dominion Square-Culpeper, LLC	Shopping Center		18,047,200	3	0.28%	8,642,400	5	0.41%	
Wal-Mart	Retail		14,409,396	4	0.22%	8,605,000	6	0.41%	
Centex Homes	Real Estate		12,548,300	5	0.19%	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Friendship Heights, LLC	Real Estate		12,211,300	6	0.19%	n/a	n/a	n/a	
NAP of the Capital Region, LLC	Datacenter		12,146,000	7	0.19%	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Continental 181 Fund, LLC	Real Estate		12,124,400	8	0.19%	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Culpeper Regency LLC	Shopping Center		12,017,600	9	0.19%	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Masco Builder Cabinet Group	Manufacturing		11,267,652	10	0.17%	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Packard Humanities	Foundation		n/a	n/a	n/a	12,841,800	4	0.61%	
Communications Corp. of						6,838,818			
America	Consulting/mail services		n/a	n/a	n/a		7	0.32%	
Rochester Corp	Cable Manufacturer		n/a	n/a	n/a	13,718,738	3	0.65%	
Key Corp. Capital	Leasing		n/a	n/a	n/a	6,720,594	8	0.32%	
Culpeper Commons, LP	Furniture Mfg.		n/a	n/a	n/a	6,167,900	9	0.29%	
PNC Leasing	Leasing	_	n/a	n/a	n/a	5,976,924	10	0.28%	
Totals		\$	194,846,034		3.01% \$	129,633,498		6.12%	

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected within	n the Fiscal				
		Year of the	e Levy	Delinquent (1)	Total Collectio	ns to Date	
Fiscal	Total (1)		Percent	Tax (2)		Percent	
Year	r Tax Levy Amount (1)(3)		of Levy	Collections	Amount (1)	of Levy	
2000-01	5 22,779,724 \$	21,764,061	95.54% \$	959,699 \$	22,723,760	99.75%	
2001-02	25,171,456	24,210,243	96.18%	892,604	25,102,847	99.73%	
2002-03	27,954,349	26,484,236	94.74%	1,354,462	27,838,698	99.59%	
2003-04	31,558,554	31,079,517	98.48%	376,681	31,456,198	99.68%	
2004-05	35,078,394	34,416,374	98.11%	560,189	34,976,563	99.71%	
2005-06	38,550,624	37,955,740	98.46%	450,079	38,405,819	99.62%	
2006-07	47,041,990	45,981,659	97.75%	862,035	46,843,694	99.58%	
2007-08	47,790,504	45,702,905	95.63%	1,618,903	47,321,808	99.02%	
2008-09	51,559,488	49,120,376	95.27%	1,431,486	50,551,862	98.05%	
2009-10	48,609,356	46,285,974	95.22%	-	46,285,974	95.22%	

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.

⁽²⁾ Does not include land redemptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes revenue from the Commonwealth for Personal Property Tax Relief Act.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities											
Fiscal Year	County General Obligation Bonds		Lease Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Literary Loans	School Lease Revenue Bonds	School General Obligation Bonds					
2001	\$	- \$	- 9	15,000,000	\$ - \$	- \$	22,507,995					
2002		-	-	-	-	-	34,047,488					
2003		-	-	-	-	-	31,997,685					
2004		2,000,000	-	-	-	-	30,615,263					
2005		3,437,827	8,385,000	-	-	-	28,459,369					
2006		3,320,794	8,121,388	7,500,000	-	54,200,000	26,313,341					
2007		3,191,917	7,807,970	15,000,000	-	54,200,000	24,170,890					
2008		3,058,050	7,482,945	15,000,000	-	54,200,000	21,976,836					
2009		2,918,998	7,145,882	7,500,000	7,500,000	52,955,000	19,752,998					
2010		2,774,560	10,721,334	-	14,625,000	51,670,000	17,537,153					

⁽¹⁾ Weldon Cooper Website

_	Business-T	ype	Activities	_		Personal Income (1)				
_	Lease Revenue Bonds		Notes Payable		Total Primary Government	 (amounts expressed in thousands)	Percentage of Personal Income	Population (1)	_	Per Capita
\$	2,650,492	\$	-	\$	40,158,487	\$ 985,554	4.07%	35,467	\$	1,132
	2,519,056		-		36,566,544	1,012,658	3.61%	36,893		991
	2,380,509		-		34,378,194	1,081,190	3.18%	38,585		891
	2,234,467		-		34,849,730	1,163,567	3.00%	40,151		868
	2,080,524		150,000		42,512,720	1,287,136	3.30%	43,154		985
	1,918,252		120,000		101,493,775	1,397,986	7.26%	45,000		2,255
	1,747,201		90,000		106,207,978	1,453,905	7.31%	48,074		2,209
	1,566,896		60,000		103,344,727	1,512,062	6.83%	46,085		2,242
	1,376,837		30,000		99,179,715	1,491,076	6.65%	47,517		2,087
	1,176,496		-		98,504,543	1,540,742	6.39%	47,938		2,055

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2000-01	35,467 \$	2,296,684,481 \$	25,158,487	1.10% \$	709
2001-02	36,893	2,391,219,449	34,047,488	1.42%	923
2002-03	38,585	2,525,711,354	31,997,685	1.27%	829
2003-04	40,151	3,454,629,059	32,615,263	0.94%	812
2004-05	43,154	3,574,899,800	31,897,196	0.89%	739
2005-06	45,000	3,853,303,688	93,873,775	2.44%	2,086
2006-07	48,074	4,175,649,162	91,117,978	2.18%	1,895
2007-08	46,085	6,361,519,759	88,284,727	1.39%	1,916
2008-09	47,517	6,462,923,119	91,649,715	1.42%	1,929
2009-10	47,938	5,857,546,449	98,504,543	1.68%	2,055

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

⁽²⁾ From Table 7

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term General Obligation Bonded Debt, Bond Anticipation Notes, and Literary Fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, and compensated absences.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt At June 30, 2010 $\,$

Direct:(1)

County of Culpeper, Virginia \$ 98,504,543 100% \$ 98,504,543

The County of Culpeper has no overlapping debt.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population (1)	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate (2)	Personal Income (3) (amounts expressed in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)
2000-01	35,467	5,594	1.60%	985,554	27,788
2001-02	36,893	5,777	2.10%	1,012,658	27,449
2002-03	38,585	6,002	3.50%	1,081,190	28,146
2003-04	40,151	6,260	2.60%	1,163,567	29,996
2004-05	43,154	6,408	3.20%	1,287,136	30,689
2005-06	45,000	6,893	3.20%	985,554	31,649
2006-07	48,074	7,194	3.20%	1,453,905	32,915
2007-08	46,085	7,232	5.10%	1,512,062	34,232
2008-09	47,517	7,223	8.30%	1,491,076	32,703
2009-10	47,938	7,416	8.00%	1,540,742	33,303

⁽¹⁾ U. S. Census Bureau

⁽²⁾ Virginia Employment Commission

⁽³⁾ Weldon Cooper Website

Principal Employers Current Year and Five Years Ago

Fiscal Year 2010			Fiscal Year 2005						
		% of Total			% of Total				
		County			County				
Employer	Employees	Employment	Rank	Employees	Employment	Rank			
Culpeper County Public Schools	1,490	9.74%	1	1,000	5.73%	1			
Culpeper Regional Hospital	600	3.92%	2	600	3.44%	2			
Wal Mart	598	3.91%	3	438	2.51%	3			
S.W.F.T	n/a	n/a	n/a	350	2.01%	5			
County of Culpeper	400	2.61%	4	400	2.29%	4			
Builder's First Source	370	2.42%	5	300	1.72%	8			
Coffeewood Correctional Center	350	2.29%	6	350	2.01%	6			
Merillat Industries, Inc.	340	119.72%	7	340	1.95%	7			
Continential Automotive	316	2.22%	8	n/a	n/a	n/a			
Contintental Teves	316	2.07%	8	218	1.25%	n/a			
Va. Dept. of Transportation	284	1.86%	9	284	1.63%	9			
Cintas	265	1.73%	10	265	1.52%	10			
Total	5,329			4,545					
Total County	15,298			17,437					

Source: Individual County departments.

Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
General government	29	29	28	31	38	39	40	45	44	40
Judicial administration	26	28	28	28	28	29	33	33	33	34
Public safety										
Sheriffs department	68	70	73	76	77	76	90	90	90	83
E911	13	15	15	15	17	17	20	20	18	19
Fire & rescue/emergency services	6	6	7	9	11	11	24	24	24	24
Building inspections	8	8	8	11	13	13	17	17	14	14
Animal control	5	5	8	9	10	10	10	10	10	10
Public works										
General maintenance	6	6	5	2	3	3	5	5	3	3
Landfill	4	4	4	4	4	5	6	6	6	6
Water & Sewer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	5	7
Health and welfare (Options/CSA)	5	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	3	4
Department of social services	51	52	84	80	86	86	98	100	100	94
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation	3	3	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5
Library	5	5	5	5	5	5	7	7	7	7
Community development										
Planning	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	6
Economic Development	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Airport	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Totals	240	244	282	287	311	314	370	379	372	359

Source: FY adopted budgets

Operating Indicators by Function Last Nine Fiscal Years

		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Sheriff	Physical arrests Traffic violations	2,223 1,935	2,558 1,984	2,416 1,468	2,644 1,306	2,658 2,733	2,908 2,011	1,273 1,248	1,612 2,651	730 1,914
Fire Protection	Number of stations	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Community Development	Residential building permits	513	530	829	1,091	757	1,440	167	163	66
Parks & Recreation	Number of parks & recreation facilities Number of libraries	3 1	7 1	7 1						

Source: Individual county departments

Note: Information not available prior to fiscal year 2002

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Eight Fiscal Years

Function	2003	200)4	200	5	200	6	200	7	200	8	200	09	2010
General government														
Administration buildings	1		1		1		1		1		1		1	1
Public safety														
Sheriffs department:														
Stations	1		1		1		1		1		1		1	1
Vehicles	17		32	3	38	4	12		42		51		50	65
Animal control:														
Buildings	1		1		1		1		1		1		1	1
Public works														
General maintenance:														
Trucks/vehicles	2		3		3		3		3		4		4	3
Landfill:														
Vehicles	1		1		1		1		1		1		1	2
Equipment	4		4		4		4		5		5		5	7
Sites	1		1		1		1		1		1		1	1
Health and welfare														
Department of Social Services:														
Vehicles	3		3		3		3		3		3		3	3
Culture and recreation														
Parks and recreation:														
Vehicles	4		4		4		4		4		4		2	2
Parks acreage (or playing fields)	1		1		1		1		3		3		3	3
Community development														
Planning:														
Vehicles	0		0		0		0		0		0		0	0
Component Unit - School Board														
Education:														
Schools	8		8		8		8		8		8		8	10
School buses	NA	NA		129										

NA - Not available

Source: Individual county departments

Note: Information not available prior to 2003

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Culpeper, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Culpeper, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County of Culpeper, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Culpeper, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Culpeper, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Culpeper, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Culpeper, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charlottesville, Virginia December 20, 2010

winson, termer, Cox associates

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Independent Auditor's Report

To The Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Culpeper, Virginia

Compliance

We have audited County of Culpeper, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The County of Culpeper, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of County of Culpeper, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on County of Culpeper, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Culpeper, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Culpeper, Virginia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Culpeper, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of County of Culpeper, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered County of Culpeper, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

Tuinsa, Farmer, Of associates

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors, management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charlottesville, Virginia

December 20, 2010

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	E	Federal Expenditures
				·
Primary Government:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Pass through payments: Department of Social Services:				
State administration matching grants for supplemental				
nutrition assistance programs	10.561	0010109/0010110/0040109/0040110	\$	490,223
ARRA-State administration matching grants for supplemental	10.501	0010107/0010110/0040107/0040110	ب	470,223
nutrition assistance programs	10.561	0010109/0010110/0040109/0040110		26,557
Child and adult care food program	10.558	N/A		144,960
			_	
Total Department of Agriculture			۶	661,740
Department of Aviation:				
Direct Payments:	00.404			050 (00
Airport improvement program	20.106	N/A	\$	258,693
Department of Energy:				
Direct Payments:				
ARRA-Energy efficiency and conservation block grant prgram	81.128	N/A	\$	11,750
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Direct Payments:				
Head start	93.600	N/A	\$	1,011,800
ARRA-Head start	93.708	N/A		13,859
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting safe and stable families	93.556	0950109/0950110		6,495
Temporary assistance for needy families	93.558	0400109/0400110		531,142
Refugee and entrant assistance - state administered programs	93.566	0500109/0500110		1,173
Low income home energy assistance	93.568	0600409/0600410		13,289
Child care and development block grant	93.575	0770109/0770110		582,690
Child care mandatory and matching funds of the	02.504	07/0/00/07/0//0		044000
child care and development fund	93.596	0760109/0760110		264,923
ARRA-Child care and development block grant	93.713	0740109/0780109		68,693
Chafee education and training vouchers program	93.599	9160108/9160109		1,019
Child welfare services - state grants	93.645	0900109 1100109/1100110		1,043
Foster care - Title IV-E ARRA-Foster care - Title IV-E	93.658 93.658	1100109/1100110		670,806 68,236
Adoption assistance	93.659	1120109/1120110		116,691
ARRA-Adoption assistance	93.659	1120109/1120110		12,690
Social services block grant	93.667	1000109/1000110		119,464
Chafee foster care independence program	93.674	915108/9150109/9150110		9,888
Children's health insurance program	93.767	0540109/0540110		19,827
Medical assistance program	93.778	1200109/1200110		292,814
	73.770	12001077 1200110		
Total pass through payments			۶	2,780,883
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$_	3,806,542
Department of Labor:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Employment Commission:	47.050		<u>_</u>	400 50 1
Welfare investment actadult program	17.258		\$	190,524

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number		Federal penditures
Primary Government: (Continued)				
Department of Justice:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement	44 500			27 500
Assistance	16.580	N/A	\$	37,500
Crime victim assistance	16.575	09VAGX0007		52,800
State criminal alien assistance program	16.606	N/A		22,832
Violence against women formula grants	16.588	08WFAX0050		32,288
ARRA-Edward Byrne Memorial justice assistance grant program/	47.004	NI/A		47,007
grants to units of local government	16.804	N/A		16,996
Virginia Compensation Board:				
ARRA-Edward Byrne Memorial justice assistance grant program/	17 903	2000 CH PO 0022		1.49.0E2
grants to states and territories	16.803	2009-SU-B9-0033	-	148,053
Total Department of Justice			\$	310,469
Department of Transportation:				
Pass through payments:				
Virginia Department of Transportation:				
State and community highway safety	20.600	SC0959166	\$	1,698
Highway planning and construction	20.205	N/A		72,377
Alcohol impaired driving countermeasures incentive grants	20.601	K81050157		15,712
Total Department of Transporation			\$	89,787
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass through payments:				
Department of Emergency Management:				
State homeland security grant program	97.073	N/A	\$	58,395
Emergency management performance grant	97.042	N/A		10,751
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$	69,146
Total Consultings of Cadamil Assessed Drivers Consumers			ć	E 200 / E4
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards-Primary Government			\$	5,398,651
Component Unit School Board:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Food Distribution Schools	10.555	N/A	\$	143,692
Department of Education:				
National school lunch program	10.555	10.555/2009/2010		1,138,286
National school breakfast program	10.553	10.553/2009/2010		309,837
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	1,591,815

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Component Unit School Board: (Continued)			
Department of Education:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Education:			
Title 1 grants to local educational agencies	84.010	S010A080046/S010A070046/S010A090046 \$	1,048,453
ARRA-Title 1 grants to local educational agencies	84.389	S389A090046	628,066
Handicapped preschool & school programs			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A090107/H027A080107	1,271,318
ARRA- Special education - grants to states	84.391	H391A090107	480,846
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A080112/H173A090112	41,492
ARRA-Special education - preschool grants	84.392	H392A090112	21,375
Vocational education program improvement			
Career and technical education basic grants to states	84.048	V048A090046/VA048A070046	100,032
General education - drug free schools			
Safe and drug-free schools and communities - state grants	84.186	Q186A080048/Q186A090048	19,798
Special Projects:			
English language acquisition grants	84.365	T365A080046/S365A090046	52,938
Education technology state grants	84.318	S318X080046/S318X090046	12,606
ARRA-Education technology state grants	84.386	S386A090046	27,686
Improving teacher quality state grants	84.367	S367A090044/S367A080044	256,479
School improvement grants	84.377	S377A070047/S377A080047	209,760
ARRA-State fiscal stablization funds-education state grants	84.394	S394A090047	3,580,980
21st century community learning centers	84.287	S287C070047	80,643
Total Department of Education		\$	7,832,472
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards-Component Unit School Board		\$	9,424,287
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards-Reporting Entity		\$	14,822,938

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Culpeper, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2010. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Culpeper, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the County of Culpeper, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	5,087,717
Airport Fund	_	331,070
Total primary government	\$_	5,418,787
Component Unit Public Schools:		
School Operating Fund	\$	7,832,473
School Cafeteria Fund		1,591,814
Total component unit public schools	\$	9,424,287
Total federal expenditures per basic financial		
statements	\$_	14,843,074
Less federal subsidy	\$_	20,136
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures		
of Federal Awards	\$_	14,822,938

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2010

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510 (a) of OMB Circular A-133?

No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.027/84.173/84.391/84.392	Special Education Cluster
84.010/84.389	Title I, Part A Cluster
84.394	State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - education state grants-ARRA
10.561	State administrative matching grants for the supplemental nutrition assistance program
10.561	State administrative matching grants for the supplemental nutrition assistance program - ARRA
16.803	Edward Byrne Memorial justice assistance grant program/grants to states and territories - ARRA
93.600/93.708	Head Start Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs \$444,688

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Prior Year Audit Findings

None

